THE BEAV[illegible] ARGUS.

Vol. 50--No. 40. Beaver, Pa., Wednes[illegible]ctober 7 1868. Established 1818

[illegible] Business Notices inserted [illegible] line for [illegible] insertion [illegible]
Marriages and death announcements free of charge.
The publisher reserves the right to change [illegible] and place in the paper [illegible] whenever it is desirable to do so.
¶ Advertisements should be handed in before Monday to insure insertion in that week's paper.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY in the old Argus building, on Third Street, BEAVER, PA., at

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Single copies of the paper will be furnished, in wrappers, at five cents each.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

Letters and communications should be addressed to
J. WEYAND, Editor & Proprietor.

Beaver Seminary & Institute.
FALL SESSION OPENS SEPT. 8, 1868.

THIS SCHOOL, SO LONG AND SUCCESSFULLY conducted by Prof. Taylor and able assistants, offers extensive courses in the Classics, English and Music. For Catalogues address R. T. TAYLOR.
jy10:tf.

WINE FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS A LARGE LOT OF Pure Domestic Wine, manufactured by himself at his vineyard near Industry, Beaver county, Pa., which he will sell at moderate rates. This wine is made from the Concord and Catawba Grape, and will be sold by the bottle, gallon or keg.
Concord plants one year old, for sale at my vineyard.
apr15'68:tf. CHARLES ROEDEL.

JOS. H. GREER,
ARCHITECT, MECHANICIAN,
AND
Engineer of Arts and Manufactures.
Office and Residence, ROCHESTER, PA.

LAUGHING GAS!

COME ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN SUFFERING the untold miseries of toothache, and dread of extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Co. are ready to relieve you by the use of the great pain destroyer—LAUGHING GAS—and make their extraction a source of pleasure, rather than of pain.
All dental operations performed in the best possible manner, and at reasonable terms as by any good Dentist in the county.
☞ Office in Beaver Station, Rochester, Pa.
ja30'67—1y. T. J. CHANDLER & CO.

DENTISTRY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened an office in Beaver, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry. He has had considerable experience in the profession, and flatters himself to be able to give general satisfaction in his business.
☞ Office in the old "Gormly Hotel" building, Third street, Beaver, Pa. All work warranted for one year. J. S. GOSHORN.
je17'68:1y.

Law Partnership.
J. H. CUNNINGHAM, ... E. P. KUHN,
CUNNINGHAM & KUHN,
Atty's. at Law.
OFFICE, THIRD ST.,
apr8'67:1y. *BEAVER, PA.*

S. B. BRIGGS, MANAGER. H. BLUNT, JR, SEC. & TREAS
INDUSTRY SALT CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
TABLE & COARSE SALT,
Industry, Beaver Co., Pa.
All salt put up in good order and warranted to give satisfaction.
All orders promptly attended to.
sep10tf.

DRS. MARQUIS & CUNNINGHAM
PRACTICING PHYSICIANS,
ROCHESTER, PA.
☞ Office two doors east of Ankeny's Hotel. Prompt attention given to all calls.
apr29'68:1y.

G. L. EBERHART,
CIVIL ENGINEER & SURVEYOR
NEW BRIGHTON, PA.
SURVEYS, MAPS AND PROFILES MADE ON short notice. [je17'68.

[illegible] JEUNET,
Watch Maker and Je[illegible],
[illegible]ird Street, Beaver, Penn'a.,
(In room adjoining J. C. Wilson's office.)
Gold watches and chronometers repaired and warranted. Engraving done to order.
☞ The patronage of the public is solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a trial.
apr17'68:3m.

Chas. B. Hurst,
Notary Public, Conveyancer and Insurance Agent.

DEEDS AND AGREEMENTS WRITTEN AND acknowledgements taken, &c.
Having been duly commissioned as Agent for several first class Insurance Companies, representing the Fire, Life, Accident, and Live Stock Departments, is prepared to take risks and write policies on the most liberal terms.
Also, Agent for the "Anchor Line" of first class Ocean Steamers. Tickets sold to and from all ports in England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany and France. ☞ Office in Leaf's brick row, Diamond, Rochester, Pa.
apr29'68.

Sands & Reineman
No 80 Fifth Sreet, Pittsbuugh
DEALERS IN
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, BRITANIA, JApanned, Wooden and Willow Ware, American and French Clocks. They have always on hand the following:

Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons,
Table Forks,
Dessert Forks,
Coffee Urns,
Tea Setts,
Goblets,
Tea Trays,
Salvers,
Ice Chests.
Water Coolers,
Walnut Brackets
Iron Tables,
Clothes Horses,

a r23'68:1.

THE CHEAPEST
Boot and Shoe House
IN THE CITY,
J. H. Borland,

MANUFACTURERS, WHOLESALE & COMMISsion dealers in Boots, Shoes & Rubbers, at New York and Boston Prices, thus saving of expenses and freight.
Also, Agent for Philadelphia City made goods at m[illegible]turers prices.
[illegible]try Merchants and Shoe Dealers will save mon[illegible] [illegible]ing on me before going East.
Goods Received Daily
At No. 102 Third Street,
Near Wood. PITTSBURGH, PA.
RETAIL STORE
No. 98 Market Street,
2D DOOR FROM FIFTH
my6'68:6m.

JAS. CAMERON,
Attorney at Law,
BEAVER, PENN'A.,
OFFICE IN THE NATIONAL HOTEL BUILDing. Collections, &c., promptly attended to.
sept9'68:1y.

G. T. PARKER.
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

TENDERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Rochester and surrounding towns. He would say that he pays particular attention to surgery. His new mode of distinguishing diseases enables him to offer great relief to persons suffering with chronic diseases. He will also aid other physicians in surgery and the diagnoses of difficult cases by having timely notice.
Office on the Diamond, two doors east of Conway's store, and nearly opposite Mr. Johnson's grocery, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.
sept5'66.

Coal For Sale

PARTIES WISHING TO LAY IN A SUPPLY OF good Coal for next winter's use, can be accommodated by calling on or addressing
J. R. SLENTZ,
Beaver, Pa.
aug26'68:6t.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM his friends and the public generally that he has just received a new stock of goods of the latest styles for SPRING and SUMMER wear, which he offers at very moderate rates.
GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Clothing made to order on the shortest possible notice.
Thankful to the public for past favors, I hope by close attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.
DANIEL MILLER,
BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER, PA.

PITTSBURGH
Flag Manufactory,
AND
HEADQUARTERS
FOR
CAMPAIGN GOODS!
SILK, BUNTING, AND PRINTED MUSLIN
FLAGS!
ALL SIZES—WITH OR WITHOUT NAMES OF CANDIDATES.
Also, Medals, Pins, Charms, Silk Badges,
Banners, Transparencies, Rosettes,
Sashes, Portraits, and Card
Photographs of Candidates.
Song-Books, Political Documents of all kinds, &c.
Send for a Descriptive Price List.
Address JOHN W. PITTOCK,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Newsdealer,
Opposite Post Office, PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Country Dealers supplied on liberal terms.
☞ Grant Tanner Clubs supplied with caps, capes and torches; send in your orders.
jy8'68:16w.

One of the Largest & Most Successful
WHOLESALE HAT HOUSES
Is the old extensive and reliable House of
Wm. Flemming,
No. 139 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

OUR GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT EASTERN PRICES, and will be found to compare in extent and variety with first class houses in New York. The stock consists of Men and Boys Fur and Wool Hats, Silk and Cassimere Hats, Men and Boys Caps, Men, Boys and Childrens Straw goods, Palm leaf Hats, Shaker Hoods, Sundowns, Ladies and Misses Hats, trimmed and untrimmed. Country Merchants are invited to call and examine our Stock. [illegible]

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWA

On and after June 13th, 1868, Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 5:35 P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 2.15 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's
Pittsburgh	645AM	930AM	215PM	150AM
Rochester	815	1040	323	300
Salem	1031	1226PM	513	447
Alliance	1125	115	605	540
Canton	1213PM	158	650	630
Massillon	1240	218	707	647
Orrville	132	253	740	717
Wooster	207	320	808	745
Mansfield	400	500	943	916
Crestline	445 600	530 601	1015 1015	945 1010
Bucyrus	629	640	1041	1025
Upper Sandusky	718	719	1114	1058
Forest	749	751	1147	1117
Lima	903	903	115AM	1227PM
Van Wert	1015	1016	207	123
Fort Wayne	1210PM	1150	320	200
Columbia	100	1237AM	356	237
Warsaw	155	132	442	423
Plymouth	300	233	555	510
Valparaiso	441	415	721	635
Chicago	700	620	910	620

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp'
Chicago	821AM	920PM	535PM	450AM
Valparaiso	930	1106	710	657
Plymouth	1125	1237AM	900	910
Warsaw	1221PM	133	950	1020
Columbia	100	217	1030	1115
Fort Wayne	200	315	1115	1220PM
Van Wert	302	430	1217AM	208
Lima	400	535	115	319
Forest	509	653	218	443
Upper Sandusky	533	718	242	514
Bucyrus	609	801	316	557
Crestline	635 655	830 910	340 355	630 580AM
Mansfield	723	937	424	610
Wooster	815	1100	550	810
Orrville	515	1127	615	841
Massillon	946	1157	647	920
Canton	1002	1213PM	703	940
Alliance	1045	1255	805	1040
Salem	1114		832	1125
Rochester	1255AM	302	1005	125PM
Pittsburgh	155	410	1110	320

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leave Youngstown at 2:30 p. m; New Castle, 4:00 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 6:00 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7:15 a. m; arr. at Youngstown, 10:45. N. Castle, 9:40 a. m; Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 5:00 a. m; New Castle, 7:10 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny, 4:15 p. m; arrives New Castle, 7:05 p. m; Youngstown, 7:30 p. m.
F. R. MYERS, *General Ticket Agent.*

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.

On and after Sept. 14, 1868, trains will leave Station daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	835AM	1210PM	......	320PM
Euclid Street	848	1221	......	331
Hudson	950	108	......	440
Ravenna	1025	141	......	516
Alliance	1120	220	......	605
Bayard	1154	246	......	......
Wellsville	125PM	400	......	......

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	......	Accom
Wellsville	850AM	400PM	......	......
Bayard	1022	504	......	......
Alliance	1120	527	......	745AM
Ravenna	120PM	601	......	831
Hudson	1220	633	......	910
Euclid Street	137	714	......	1107
Cleveland	150	715	......	1030

GOING EAST.

	Exp's	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Bellair	1055AM	610AM	900PM	......
Bridgeport	11 5	625	210	......
Steubenville	1218PM	748	307	......
Wellsville	145	850	430	606AM
Smith's Ferry	207	912	452	635
Beaver				
Rochester	245	950	535	700
Pittsburgh	335	1055	640	840

GOING WEST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Acco
Pittsburgh	600AM	200PM	435AM	310PM
Rochester	710	306	550	440
Beaver		000	000	000
Smith's Ferry	757	335	638	500
Wellsville	825	405	715	565
Steubenville	925	500	808	
Bridgeport	1035	610	9:2	
Bellair	1047	620	935	

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.
Leaves [illegible] Arrive s.
N. Philadelphia, 4[illegible] a. m. | Bayard, 9[illegible] am.
Bayard, 12:[illegible]m. | N. Philadelphia [illegible]p
F. R. MEYERS, General Ticket Agent.

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.

For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world! Has all the strength of old rosin soap, with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS 48 North Front Street, Philadelphia.
sept2'68.

G. W. PUSEY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer
IN
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
and TEAS,
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUIT,
Pickles, &c.
All kinds of Country Produce sold on commission, and prompt returns made.
NO. 49 FEDERAL STREET,
Allegheny City, Penn'a.
[illegible]

JOHN ENGLAND. [illegible]
JOHN ENGLAND & CO.,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
AND
File Manufacturers,
263 LIBERTY STREET,
Old Files Re-Cut. PITTSBURGH, PA.
aug26'68:3m.

House Furnishing Goods,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
CUTLERY, QUEENSWARE, LOOKING GLASses and Glassware. Also, Japan, Tin, Wooden and Willow ware, Market and Fancy Baskets, Brushes, Kitchen Setts, Clothes Wringers, &c., &c. Also FRUIT JARS AND CANS.
Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our stock before making their purchases.
J. & H. BEGGS & CO.,
No 124 Federal St., Allegheny City, Pa.
sept9'68:tf.

T. O. MORGAN
SUCCESSOR TO
SHALLENBERGER BROS.
DEALER IN
FINE FAMILY GROCERIES
Queensware, Hardware,
NAILS, WINDOW GLASS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, BACON, FISH, FLOUR, SALT, LIME.
COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in Exchange for Goods.
Goods Delivered Free of Charge in all the Villages.
BRIDGEWATER, PA., Aug. 19, 1868.

FLOUR! FLOUR!
S. J. Cross & Co's.
RETAIL PRICES REDUCED.
BEST WHITE WHEAT
WARRANTED.

25 lb sack,	$1,45
50 " "	2,[illegible]0
Barrel,	11,50

Second Quality, "STARK COUNTY."

25 lb sack,	$1,22
50 " "	2,44
Barrel,	9,75

Rochester, Sept. 5d, 1868:tf.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!
MRS. E H BEACOM,
HAS JUST RECEIVED a select assortment of
Fall Goods
which she offers to the public at the lowest possible rates. The stock embraces every variety of
Ladies and Gentlemens Woolen Goods
Plain and Fancy Yarns,
ZEPHYRS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, VEIL STUFFS,
CORSETS, HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
COLLARS, CUFFS, HOSIERY,
COLORED CAMBRICS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
DRILLING,
PAPER MUSLIN.
Also a good assortment of
LADIES, MISSES, AND BOYS
FALL HATS
which will be increased as the season advances.
She asks a continuation of the patronage of her friends and the public generally. Goods not on hand can be had at twenty-four hours' notice.
Call and Examine!
REMEMBER THE PLACE,
3d St. Opposite the U P Seminary.
Sep16tf.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.
Lindsay, Sterrit & Euwer,
Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK HAVING BEEN BOUGHT during the late decline in prices, we are enabled to offer greater inducements than old houses who are carrying over stocks at old prices. Country Merchants should not fail to visit us when in the city.
Lindsay, Sterrit & Euwer,
337 LIBERTY STREET,
NEAR UNION DEPOT, PITTSBURGH.
aug26'68:1y.

My Uncle [illegible]

Selected for the [illegible] by the request of Beaver, Falls [illegible]

My Uncle Sam [illegible] of a very considerable tract of [illegible] two sons Jonathan and William [illegible] were usually called, Jock and [illegible] were from their childhood of very [illegible] dispositions. Jock was [illegible] and [illegible] industry, and fond of laying [illegible] coppers. Bill was a harum-scarum [illegible] idle in his habits, peppery in his [illegible] and more fond of throwing away [illegible] coppers than hoarding them up. W[illegible] was industriously at work on the [illegible] would be away paddling in some [illegible] for frogs or shooting at butterflie[illegible] pop gun.

These different habits [illegible] dispositions followed them to the age of [illegible] when their Father thought proper [illegible] them in life. He portioned Jock with [illegible] bleak, barren, stony and hilly land [illegible] well supplied with running w[illegible] soil," said he to himself, "requires [illegible] hard labor and produces but little [illegible] have done. But that makes no diff[illegible] for Jock will get a living and lay up [illegible] anywhere. As for Bill," said he, "there [illegible] use in giving him any land that requ[illegible] labor, for he'll not work on it though it w[illegible] keep him from starving." He therefo[illegible] off to his son Bill a piece of low flat [illegible] considerable distance to the south [illegible] which produced cat-tails in great [illegible]dance, and that without the labor of cul[illegible].

Cat-tails in those days [illegible] used as a substitute for feathers in the [illegible] of beds. They brought four pence a pound, and as they found a ready market and cash pay, my Uncle thought that his son Bill, idle as he was, could hardly fail of making a tolerable livelihood from the production of an article which required no labor but the gathering and carrying to market.

But here the old gentleman was sadly mistaken.

Bill thought it quite too [illegible] a hardship to pick and sell the cat-tails even though they grew spontaneously. He [illegible] therefore a parcel of monkeys to do the principal drudgery for him—partic[illegible] gathering and putting into sacks. "[illegible] monkeys," said he, "will save me a wo[illegible] labor. They can pick cat-tails just as we[illegible] I, and, for the matter of that, a great deal [illegible], for they are more nimble and active, [illegible] this low swampy land will not injure [illegible] health as it does mine.

The monkies were accom[illegible]. They were sufficiently pl[illegible] the great difficulty was to [illegible] and to make them do the[illegible] all the rest of their race [illegible] cious, versatile and mis[illegible] would not work [illegible] stantly watching them, and when they did work they made such waste as was enough to ruin anybody. Throwing about the cat-tails and playing the mischief with their masters property.

In order to keep these troublesome servants at work without being compelled constantly to overlook them in person, Bill procured a stout ourang outang; armed him with a whip, and made him monkey driver and overseer of the work. But the ourang outang turned out to be little better or more trustworthy than the idle skip jacks under his charge. Everything went at sixes and sevens. While Bill was away fishing and shooting, or gambling and horse racing, the monkey driver and monkies were playing the devil with his property.

The consequence of his idle habits and his bad management was that he got deeply in debt, was harrassed with executions and threatened with bankruptcy. In this difficulty what does he do? Instead of getting rid of the monkies and attending to work himself, he petitions his father to grant him a premium of three farthings per pound on his cat-tails, alleging that he cannot possible get a living without this *protection* to his industry.

"Industry!" exclaimed my Uncle, "talk of your industry. Truly if you do not get a living it will not be for the want of impudence. Though my Uncle expressed himself in this wise, nevertheless, being a good natured man, and having the welfare of his children at heart, he granted the proposed premium of three farthings per pound on all the cat-tails grown by his son Bill. With this help Bill got along tolerable well for a time. But neither then did he improve his habits or pay his debts; but on the contrary, he became, if possible, more idle and careless than ever,—"This protection," said he, "is a fine thing—it will help to keep me in spending money, if nothing else."

In the mean time Jock was industrious and saving. Though his land produced little he contrived to by turning his hand to a variety of things, and manufacturing sundry notions as he called them, to obtain a tolerable livelihood, and to keep clear of debt, though he did not get rich. Among other notions which he contrived to manufacture were wooden jewsharps which he sold for three half pence a piece. He went on very contentedly, nor asked any aid from the old gentleman until Bill had obtained the premium on his cat-tails; when Jock justly concluding that he had an equal claim to protection, asked, and obtained a premium of two farthings on each of the jewsharps manufactured at his mill.

He now increased his business, enlarged his mill, and with the aid of the two farthings premium, began to go forward in the world. Bill, seeing the prosperity of his brother Jock, flew into a terrible passion, declared the premium on Jewsharps a monstrous imposition, and not to be endured. What! said he, shall I pay two pennys for a wooden Jewsharp, when I can get an iron one for sixpence? To be sure the wooden article answers every purpose for my monkies, whose leisure hours must be amused with Jewsharps of some kind or other, to prevent them from getting into all kind of devilment imaginable. But that is neither here nor there—it is the *principle* that I contend against."

Bill now posted forthwith to his fathers to request him to take off the premium on Jacks Jewsharps, alleging that it was too bad that Jack should be getting rich by his vile wooden notions, while he was becoming poor on the more honorable business of raising cat-tails. The old gentleman endeavored to reason with him on the injustice of his demand, inasmuch as the same principle had been followed in relation both to him and his brother, and inasmuch as he himself had been the first to ask that *protection* which he was now so ready to condemn.

But the more his father attempted to reason, the more violent became Bill's passion; until at last, in order to appease him, and prevent a row in the family, the old gentleman concluded to compromise matters, by reducing the premium to *one* farthing each, on Jocks Jewsharps. This concession, however, so far from satisfying Bill, seemed only to enrage him the more. *The principle!* said he; it is the principle I contend against; and sooner than submit to it, I'll blow up Jack's mill sky-high, set fire to the old man's house, and play the very devil with the whole concern! These threats he expressed openly, neither Jock nor the old gentleman, it seemed, were to be moved. They had a wary eye upon his movements but kept perfectly cool.

This composure only the more enraged Bill; and arming his monkies one day with squirts and popguns, he marched at the head of this uncuth army to attack Jock in his mill. But Jock was ready for him. He closed the door of his mill, and prepared a few buckets of hot water, so arranged that by pulling a string, he could upset the whole of them upon his assailants. The door being barricaded, the monkies were sent, as he expected, to scale the walls and enter the windows. Jack waited composedly until the noisy troops had nearly reached the lower casement, when suddenly pulling the string, he discharged the hot contents of the buckets upon their heads. The consequence was that they abandoned the attack in great confusion, threw away their arms, and ran screaching and screaming about with their scalded polls, like so many mad creatures; and when general Bill endeavored once more to urge them to the attack, instead of obeying his orders, they all, with one accord fell upon himself, tore off every rag of his clothes, scratched and wounded him till the blood began to run in streams down his naked body, and would soon have made an end of him, had not Jack, sallying from the mill, put them to flight, and generously rescued his fraternal enemy.—From that time Bill grew more rational.—He sent his monkeys back to Africa, picked his own cat-tails, and said no more about [illegible] premium, or the odious principle of [illegible].

[illegible] MASSACRE.

THE REPUBLICANS AMBUSHED AND ASSASSINATED.

ATLANTA GA. Sept. 20.—I hasten today before your readers an account of the recent important events in this section. On the 15th inst., Capt. William P. Pierce, a Kentuckian by birth, a gallant officer of the Union army during the late war, a stanch Republican, and the regular nominee of the Republicans of this (IId) Congressional district for the United States Congress, proceeded to Americus, Sumpter County, a town but a few miles from *Andersonville*, for the purpose of making his first speech in the canvass of his district. He was accompanied by Mr. John Murphy, a native of Indiana, and now a citizen and the sheriff elect of this county, elected by a republican majority of about 700 in a poll of about 2,200. Reaching Americus, they registered their names at the hotel. Five minutes thereafter they were informed by the proprietor that his *boarders insisted upon his turning these gentlemen out of the house.* They were Radicals, they must leave, or he could not be landlord of theirs. The gentlemen replied, "Erase our names from your books." Shortly after this they addressed the colored Republicans, amid the mutterings and curses of the white citizens, who were in town in force. After speaking, they went, by invitation, to the house of H. K. McCoy, a Republican and associate Chief Justice of the State. While there the colored Republicans attempted to march through the public square with drums and fife, *though unarmed.* They were ordered by the Judge of the Superior Court, then in session, to stop the noise, meaning that of the drum and fife.—Some colored man, not hearing the order of the Judge, nor comprehending the cause of the cessation of the music, called out "go on with the music," whereupon *the whites drew their pistols, shot-guns, knives, etc., and drove the colored men from the square.* Messrs. Pierce and Murphy, knowing nothing of this approached the public square, paying little heed to the warnings of the colored people who told them that *the whites had sworn to kill them.* The Mayor addressing the mob was informed by angry men that *the blacks should not be harmed, but the "two d—d white scoundrels" should die.* As Messrs. Pierce and Murphy neared the square an old white man said, more to himself than to either of these gentlemen, *"God d—n you, you'll never leave that square alive."* They then turned, and by a circuitous route reached the office of Mr. W. C. Morrill, Agent of the Freedmen's Bureau where they took refuge. *They remained concealed thus until afternightfall,* when Mr. Morrill sent his servant with them through fields to a point outside the town where he met them with a wagon in which they escaped into Lee County, and thence to this place. Returning over the road upon which he had taken out the wagons, Mr. Morrill *found it picketed by half a dozen armed men.* These men inquired of the colored men who passed over the road after Mr. Morrill for two men, *giving a careful description of Messrs. Pierce and Murphy.* That night every road leading from Americus, in any direction, *was picketed by armed bodies of white men.* Similar bodies of men kept watch over houses where the two gentlemen were supposed to be concealed. *None of these people made any secret of their intentions of murdering Messrs. Pierce and Murphy.* Yesterday, the 19th inst. Mr. Pierce, accompanied by Mr. Murphy, the Rev. F. F. Putney, Phillip Janin (a colored man, recently a member of the Georgia Legislature, but who was expelled on account of his color), and about seventy-five colored men approached the town of Camilla, Mitchell County, where Messrs. Pierce, Murphy, and Janin were to address the colored Republicans. Four miles from Camilla, they were met by a white man named James Johns, who at first stated that he was in search of a doctor to attend a colored man who had been injured by a falling tree. As soon, however, as he learned the character of the party approaching, he declared himself a "courier" *sent to notify Mr. Murphy that the people of Camilla and of Mitchell County would permit no Radical speaking in Camilla, that the county was theirs, and they intended to rule it.*

He then dashed off to town, and the party moved toward the town, not believing that the people would use force to prevent a political speech. Mr. Pierce, however, heeded the warning of the man Johns so much as to send a note by a freedman to the Sheriff of the county; the contents of this note are unknown to your correspondent, but from subsequent actions of the Sheriff it is supposed to have been a note *asking the protection of the civil authorities.* At a point two miles from the town, the party was met by the Sheriff and a posse. The Sheriff asked that in deference to the wish of the citizens, Mr. Pierce *would not enter the town.* Mr Pierce answered that he was violating no law of the country, and no right of the people, he would speak in Camilla. He thought he had the right to do so. Upon that the Sheriff and his posse, *all being armed and mounted,* dashed off to town.

Mr. Pierce, in a buggy, with Mr. Putney, proceeded toward the town, followed at some distance by the rest of the party. With these latter was a plantation wagon, drawn by four mules, containing the colored band, consisting of two drummers and a fifer. Messrs. Pierce and Putney drove into the town, dismounted from their buggy, and hitched their horse at the Court-House. *At a hundred yards from the Court-House the band wagon was met by the man Johns, with a double-barreled shot-gun, which he discharged into the wagon, wounding two colored men. Upon this there rose up from either side of the road upon which the colored people were approaching the town, a large number of white men, who had been concealed in the under growth, who opened a cross-fire upon the colored people in the road.* A few of the colored people, having pistols, endeavored to defend themselves, but a majority of them fled. Messrs. Pierce and Putney rushed toward the contending parties, Mr. Pierce throwing up his hands and calling upon the freedmen to stop, saying *"don't do that, don't do that."* Upon this the whites, or a portion of them, turned upon Pierce and Putney, and fired, wounding Mr. Pierce in the leg, and Mr. Putney in the elbow and shoulder. Both, however, took to the woods and escaped, reaching the plantation of Messrs. Flagg and Fish, two gentlemen from Massachusetts, at 3 o'clock this morning.

To return to the battle or massacre at Camilla. The freedmen who were armed having emptied their pistols, fled for their lives—such as had not already been placed *hors du combat*—leaving the wounded on the ground. *The whites pursued, some of them first assuring themselves that those colored men left on the ground were dead by repeated shots at their prostrate bodies.*

Murphy and Janin endeavored to escape in their buggy, but eight miles from Camilla *were overtaken by five or six mounted men,* both dismounted from the buggy, Janin taking to the woods, and Murphy taking refuge in a deserted house, where he prepared to sell his life as dearly as possible. His pursuers surrounded the house and demanded his surrender. He refused, and told them to commence firing. After some parley, upon solemn promise that he should not be harmed nor detained, he came out, and while talking to some of the party he was dealt a terrible blow upon the head with a barrel of a gun, in the hands of another. He was then, after some questioning and examination, allowed to proceed on his way.

Up to 8 o'clock this morning the white people were still in pursuit of the fleeing and wounded with horses and bloodhounds.

The white people in Camilla boast that one pond contains twelve dead "niggers." This pond is near the house of a Dr. Dasher, some two miles from Camilla.

One freedman, known to your correspondent, stated that he laid last night concealed in a swamp with four others; that he heard the white men scouring the woods, shouting, cursing, and firing; *that he heard the cries and shrieks of the negroes as they were shot down or torn by the bloodhounds; that two of his comrades who became frightened and attempted to leave the swamp were shot within his hearing.*

One negro who was captured in Camilla, and who escaped during the night, was compelled by his captors to assist in removing the dead and wounded in the streets of Camilla. He assisted in putting a dead woman into a wagon, she was shot through the chest; she was thrown, his captors told him, into a dry well. He also assisted in removing four badly wounded negroes, two of them mortally. The man James Johns, who fired the first shot at the colored men, is reported shot once in the forehead and twice in the back, and mortally wounded. Another of the attacking party is reported slightly wounded. His name is Charles Collins. The following list of the killed and wounded is correct, so far as it goes:

John Murphy, white, contused and lacerated wounds of the head by a musket barrel.

Wm. P. Pierce, white, gun-shot wound in leg; slight.

F. F. Putt[illegible] white, gun-shot wound of elbow and shoulder.

Howard Bunce, (colored), six gun-shot wounds, head, ear, shoulder, elbow, side, and forearm.

Ben. Lundy (colored), gun-shot wounds, thigh and below the knee.

Hardy Robinson (colored), gun-shot wounds, both legs.

Squire Acre (colored), gun-shot wound of shoulder.

——Randolph, (colored), gun-shot wound in leg.

Burril Johnson (colored), gun-shot wound of shoulder.

William Landsey (colored), contused wound of scalp by but of musket.

Sam. Dickinson, colored, gun-shot wound in arm.

Wesley Chatman, colored, gun-shot wound in arm.

William Dessen, colored, gun-shot wound of shoulder.

Colored woman, name unknown, shot dead.

A. B. Collins, colored, killed; shot repeatedly while lying on the ground.

James Ingraham, colored, killed; shot repeatedly while lying on the ground.

Peter Hines, colored, school teacher, four gun-shot wounds hand, wrist, neck and leg.

"Dock" Pollill, colored, shot dead.

Unknown, colored, shot through bowels and in head, mortally.

Unknown, colored, gun-shot wound in thigh.

Unknown, colored, gun-shot wounds, knee and breast.

Unknown, colored, gun-shot wound in back.

Twelve colored men, unknown, in Dr. Dasher's pond.

It is believed that 50 colored men, killed and wounded, is a moderate estimate.

The news of this massacre was brought to Albany [illegible] o'clock [illegible] evening by a colored [illegible] panied Mr. Pierce, [illegible] was known until to-day [illegible] the fugitives whom he had outstripped. [illegible] last night the town was filled with the wildest and most conflicting rumors, none of which appear to have been exaggerated in the light of subsequent trust worthy reports. A large body of colored men visited the headquarters of Maj. Howard, of the army, who is here as Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, and begged to be allowed to go to the rescue of their friends at Camilla, and it was with the greatest difficulty that they were dissuaded from doing so. It is reported that Maj. Howard dispatched a special messenger to Atlanta this morning to communicate with the military authorities there. He dispatched Surgeon Rauschenberg, of the Freedmen's Bureau, to Mitchell county, this morning, to attend to wounded.—Wounded men have been arriving in Albany hourly, since last night; they bring heart-rending accounts of the barbarities practiced upon their dead comrades, by their murderers. It is reported that the Sheriff of Mitchell County joined in the murderous work, assisted by the entire posse that accompanied him, when he accosted Mr. Pierce, in the morning.

Intelligent colored men here assert that a leading member of the Young Men's Democratic Club (white) *of this City went to Camilla on Friday night for the express purpose of inciting the people to the acts of yesterday.* It is known that the person in question went to Camilla at the time mentioned. The colored people have declared that the leading white people instigated the attack which they now so loudly condemn. On the receipt of the news, this evening, that as late as eight o'clock this morning the fugitives were being hunted down with bloodhounds, the town being filled with colored people drawn in from surrounding plantations, was wild with excitement, hardly a white man was to be seen upon the street, excited colored men harangued their fellows, and all seemed determined to go at once to the rescue. Armed negroes appeared in squads as if summoned from the earth where they stood. At this juncture the Mayor of the city appeared upon the scene, accompanied by Major Howard, who addressed the colored people at some length counseling moderation and order, and assuring the colored people that the Government would use every means at its command to bring the perpetrators of these outrages to punishment, and promising the protection of the military forces against further outrages if necessary. They received these promises silently and sullenly, but ultimately dispersed, those not belonging in the city departing for the plantations, since which, up to this hour, midnight, all is quiet and peace. The colored churches have had regular meetings to-day. There are three of them in town. Mr. Crumly, pastor of the Methodist Church, and the leading colored Republican here, has done good service in allaying the excitement.

Later.—It is reported that the murderers in the horrible massacre of yesterday were men not from Mitchell County alone, but from Baker and this (Dougherty) counties; and it is believed that it has been determined by the white people, that, the military having been withdrawn, the Republicans shall not canvass this district.

STRYCHNINE.—The tree from which strychnine comes is caled the strychnos nux vomica. It grows in Ceylon, and in several districts of India; is of moderat size, with thick and shining leaves, and a short, crooked stem. In the fruit season it is readily recognized by its rich orange-colored berries, about as large as golden pippin—the favorite food of many kinds of birds—within which are the flat, round seeds, not an inch in diameter, ash gray in color, and covered with very minute silky hair. [illegible] fancy they can discover a resemblance in them to crows' eyes; but the likeness is purely imaginary. The seed is the deadly poison nut. It was early used as a [illegible] the Hindoos, and its nature and [illegible] were understood by Oriental doctors long before it was known to foreign nations. "D[illegible]" and "fish-scale" are two of its Arabic names. It is stated that at present the natives of Hindustan often take it for many months, continuously, in much the same way as the opium-eater eats opium. They commence with taking the eighth part of a nut a day, and gradually increase their allowance to an entire nut, which would be about twenty grains. If they eat it directly before or after food, no unpleasant effects are produced; but if they neglect these precautions, spasms result.—According to popular rumor, it is chiefly used in christian lands by the manufacturers of "pure imported liquors."

COOL.—Admiral Howe, when a captain, was once hastily awakened in the middle of the night by the lieutenant of the watch, who informed him, with great agitation, that the ship was on fire near the magazine. "If that be the case," said he, rising leisurely to put on his clothes, "we shall soon hear another report of the matter."

The lieutenant flew back to the scene of danger, and, almost instantly, returning, exclaimed: "You need not, sir, be afraid; the fire is extinguished."

"Afraid!" exclaimed Howe; "what do you mean sir? I never was afraid in my life!" and looking the lieutenant full in the face, he added: "Pray how does a man *feel*, sir, when he is afraid? I need not ask how he *looks*."

A SCHOOL in Massachusetts was under examination, when one of the examiners said:

"If I had a mince pie, and should give three-twelfths to John, three-twelfths to Isaac, and should keep half the pie myself, what would there be left?"

There was a profound study among the scholars, but finally one lad held up his hand as a signal that he was ready to answer.

"Well, sir, what will there be left? Speak up loud, so that all can hear," said the examiner.

"The plate," shouted the hopeful fellow.

A LITTLE boy running along stubbed his toe and fell on the pavement. "Never mind, my little fellow," said a bystander; "you won't feel the pain to-morrow."

"Then I will not cry to-morrow," said the little boy.

POINT LOWER.—A Quaker said to a gunner during the Revolutionary war:

"Friend, I counsel no bloodshed; but, if it be thy design to hit the little man in the blue jacket, point thine engine three inches lower."

A PERSON in public company, accusing the Irish nation with being the most unpolished in the world, was mildly answered by an Irish gentleman, "that it ought to be otherwise, for the Irish met with hard rubs enough to polish any nation upon earth."

DIDN'T AFFECT HIM.—An elderly gentleman travelling in a stage coach was amused by a constant fire of words between two ladies. One of them at last kindly inquired if their conversation did not make his head ache when he answered with a great deal of naivete: "No, ma'am, I've bin married twenty-eight years."

A PLACE FOR PRAYER.—"Sam, do you find a spot for secret prayer?" asked a minister of a stable boy. "Oh! yes, sir; that old coach is my closet, and it is the best spot on earth." Where there is a heart to pray, it is easy enough to find a place.

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, Editor and Proprietor.

Beaver, Pa., October 7, 1868.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Ulysses S. Grant.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Schuyler Colfax.

Republican State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL.
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

SURVEYOR GENERAL.
GEN. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,
CAPT. JOSEPH B. DONLEY,
Of Greene County.
FOR ASSEMBLY
THOMAS NICHOLSON.
H. J. VANKIRK.
A. J. BUFFINGTON.
FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
J. R. HARRAH.
FOR COMMISSIONER,
DAVID W. SCOTT.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.
S. A. DICKEY.
FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
JOHN SLENTZ.
FOR AUDITOR,
WILLIAM THOMAS.
FOR CORONER,
WILLIAM BARNES.
FOR TRUSTEES OF ACADEMY,
SAMUEL MAGAW.
RICHEY EAKIN.

Republican Meetings.

Republican meetings will be held in Beaver county, as follows: At White's Chapel (near Wallace's Run) in Chippewa Tp., on Wednesday October 7th, at 6½ P. M.

At McCague's school house (Independence township,) on October 9th, at 7½ P. M.

At Unionville, New Sewickley tp., on Saturday October 10th, at 1 P. M. This meeting will be addressed by both German and English speakers.

At lower Logstown School House on Friday evening, Oct 9th. Speakers—John Y Marks and J. F. Dravo Esqs.

At Remington Station on Saturday Oct. 10, at 7 P. M. The Speakers will be J. Y. Marks Esq., Rev. J. M. Swan and others. Let every voter attend.

By order of County Committee.
H. HICE, Chairman.

* * *

THE aggressive policy of the Democratic party is continued. They attack Republican processions with brickbats.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday Pennsylvania Republicans fight a most momentous battle against meditated repudiation and the revival of treason and war. Let the battle be hotly pushed and the enemy routed so that he can appear no more on the field of action. Every Republican of Beaver county into line!

* * *

JOHN F. HARTRANFT, as Auditor General, during the time he has held the office, has been instrumental by his wise and thorough revisal of all public accounts, and by the strictness with which he insists on the harvesting of the public resources, is reducing the State debt more than any man that ever filled the same position.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday, Republicans, you must carry Beaver county by such a majority as you have never carried it before. Twelve hundred is wanted, and you can give it if you will. The cops are disheartened and demoralized by the elections in Vermont and Maine. Let Beaver help to give them the *coup de main* in Pennsylvania.

* * *

FERNANDO WOOD, of New York, made a speech at Scranton, in this State, a few nights ago, in which he said "the two greatest curses that ever visited the earth were the fall of Adam and the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers at Plymouth Rock." Brave Fernando! How bad that will make the aforesaid Fathers feel when they come to hear of your declaration!

* * *

JUDGE STRONG of the Supreme Court of this State resigned his position on the Bench last week, and recommended the appointment of Judge Williams of Pittsburgh as his successor. Gov. Geary immediately tendered the position to Judge Williams, who has, however, not yet made answer to the Governor's communication. Judge Strong resigned on the ground that his family requires more of his personal attention than he has been able to bestow while filling the position of a Supreme Judge of the State. Judge Williams will make an honest, fearless and competent Judge.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday, Republicans of Beaver county, fail not to go to the election. Let nothing detain you. The State must be carried then or it is in all probability lost to us in November. Lost, loses Grant, loses Colfax, and loses everything we hold dear in principle as to the administration of the government. Every vote then is important and necessary.

* * *

REPUBLICANS of Beaver county! the result of the State election of next Tuesday will make a difference, at the Presidential election, in November, of thousands of votes in your favor or against you. If we carry the State next Tuesday the majority by which we carry it will be increased by from five to ten thousand for Grant and Colfax next month. If our opponents carry it their vote will be proportionately increased. Majorities always carry the floating vote with them. The importance, then, of every Republican in the county turning out to vote next Tuesday, cannot be over estimated. To carry Pennsylvania this time is as important relatively as to carry it next month. Let no Republican make excuses or be found lagging. Duty, imperative duty, calls every man to his post. The vote of Beaver county may carry the State, which will decide the State for Grant in November, and the State going for Grant, according to all precedent will, elect him.—Think of this Republicans. Let Beaver county then be heard from on Tuesday with such a rousing Republican majority as she never gave before. We can give twelve hundred Republican majority if we will. Let us say and *do* it. Every man to the polls and, it is done!

* * *

A MEMBER of the colored Democratic club in Augusta (Ga.) has resigned, saying: "I respectfully hand in my resignation as a member of your organization, believing, as I do that it is against my race, against myself against the constitutional and fundamental laws of my country and against my God."

* * *

A PROMINENT and reliable gentleman of this place made a short tour through Allegheny, Armstrong and Westmoreland counties last week. In his travels he met an old acquaintance whom he had not seen for some time past. This acquaintance is an officer of the United States Government and has been stumping in Western Pennsylvania for Seymour and Blair for more than a month. The two quite naturally commenced talking about the political situation soon after meeting, and the Beaver man addressed him substantially as follows: "Mr. M., I have known you for a long time. I have confidence in your word, and now I wish you to tell me candidly what you think the result of the election in November will be." Mr. M. replied that he had "no doubt but that Grant and Colfax would be elected by an overwhelming majority. We have to do the best we can with Seymour and Blair, but it is an up-hill business, and we can't make the thing go. If our folks at New York would have nominated Chase for President and Hancock for Vice President, we could have given you Republicans a hard tussel, but as matters now stand we have no expectation of success, and the utmost we can hope for is to carry our party through the contest without permitting it to become disorganized or demoralized." We are not at liberty just now to give the names of the parties to the above conversation. But we have them at this office, and vouch for the truth of what we have here stated. It only remains for us to add that we do not believe there is an intelligent Democrat in Pennsylvania but that *believes* precisely as Mr. M. believes, viz: that Seymour and Blair have no earthly chance of being elected to the positions for which they are candidates.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday the eyes of the people of every State in the Union will be turned upon Pennsylvania with an anxiety never before excited in the history of the nation. They will want to hear who the Keystone names for rulers of the government for the next four years—to hear whether the government is to be given over to repudiators and traitors or not. Let Pennsylvania give back no disheartening response. Every Beaver county Republican to the polls and swell the response.

* * *

GRANT has not made many speeches that can be quoted, but he has managed to say some things that are interesting indications just now. Thus he said to Sherman in 1862: "I care nothing for promotion so long as our arms are successful." This was patriotic and disinterested. He said to Gen. Halleck the same year and month; "If my course is not satisfactory, remove me at once. I do not wish to impede the success of our arms." This was not less noble. He said to Mr. Johnson in 1867: "This is a republic where the will of the people is the law of the land." This is higher statesmanship than Andy ever reached. He said to the citizens of Memphis that "Human liberty is the only true foundation of human government." This agrees with the Declaration of Independence. And finally he said, in accepting the nomination: "I shall have no policy of my own to interpose against the will of the people." This is good sense and a safe announcement. Other like statements may be culled to some degree from his remarks at various times. There is this about them: that while they are not numerous, all are sensible and correct. So much cannot be said of the verbose deliveries of his reluctant competitor, nor of the utterances of many who consider themselves profound statesmen.

* * *

IF you want to save one million three hundred and thirty-two thousand and thirty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents, to the State Treasury, vote for Jacob M. Campbell for Surveyor General, because by his characteristic energy the work required by the act of May 20th, 1864, has nearly been completed, by which this sum will be secured for the State, as now due on land titles.

* * *

REPUBLICANS! of the several townships and boroughs of Beaver county, see that you get every Republican voter to the polls on next Tuesday. Last fall scores of them in quite a number of election precincts, were permitted to stay at home through carelessness alone. This negligence, here and elsewhere, caused us to lose our candidate for Supreme Judge. Let no calamity like this be repeated this year. We have Republican votes enough in this county to give our State ticket 1100 majority. Now let us give it that number. To do it we must have every man to the polls. To get them there we must work—work patiently, unceasingly and systematically. See then that carriages are employed to take the aged and infirm to the election early in the day; see that those voting on age are promptly on the ground, and see that the luke-warm are aroused to duty and efficient action at once. If close attention is given to these details we can give our State ticket 1100 majority; if they are neglected it will fall below that.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday a full Republican vote in the State is a triumphant victory, and a full vote in Beaver is 1200 majority. Republicans of Beaver county you can *help* to give the full vote of the State, and you *can* give the full Republican vote of Beaver county. Fail not to do it, but every voter of you to the polls.

* * *

STEPHENS, of Georgia, the double dyed and iron-clad patriot, fears that if Grant is elected our republican institutions will be overthrown and a military despotism will be created. How tenderly he cared for republican institutions while serving in the rebel Congress and Cabinet! A great many northern Democrats have fears similar to those of Stephens. Some forty odd years ago the same sort of fears were entertained about the conduct of a man called Andrew Jackson. Some seventy odd years back there were like apprehensions in the case of another man named George Washington. Both were elected in spite of those fears, and both did as well for the country as Johnson, or Pierce, or Buchanan. Perhaps the people will not quake under like fears with the courageous Mr. Stephens.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday, Boys in Blue, rally and rout the enemy [illegible] were pulling at your rear [illegible] shooting at the enemy in front [illegible] be beaten with ballots as those were with bullets, or you may have to resort to bullets again. So at least they continue to threaten. Form lines of battle to receive their charge at the polls next Tuesday. You can repulse and capture them easily.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday, voters of Beaver county, pay no heed to any palaver of pretended Democrats about "greenbacks for bonds." Seymour, the Democratic candidate for President, made the strongest speech against "greenbacks for bonds" that ever was made and it has never yet been retracted. The platform upon which he stands is only a trick of words to catch votes. Seymour is the candidate of the gold-sharpers of Wall street and every man who votes for him believing otherwise is duped. Voters don't let any of his designing followers dupe you. The Republicans are under pledge to manage the greenback-bond matter according to law and they must do it. The courts determine the law on this subject which all parties must obey, and any party which promises otherwise promises only to deceive. Be not deceived next Tuesday at all events. The country needs your honest, unbiased vote on that day.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday, Republicans, watch the polls. Fraudulent voting will likely be attempted. The enemy is despondent and desperate. Be on hand and watch him.

* * *

SOLDIER! why do you propose to vote for Seymour and Blair? Do you not know that Seymour is the leader of that division of the Democratic party styled Copperheads, which division opposed the war as unnecessary, even when the government was attacked by armed rebels? Do you not know that the same kind of Democrats despise *you* in their hearts for going to the war, and while you were fighting declared your efforts a failure. The Seymour Democrat is still of this mind, he has learned nothing by the tremendous events of the last seven years; he wants the action of the armies reversed, slavery restored, the national debt repudiated, and you degraded and despised. If he can be successful he will stop at nothing short of this. This kind of Democrat nominated Seymour as his special representative. Blair was put on the ticket because his military reputation might serve to catch the soldiers' vote, but mainly because Blair bid for the nomination by publishing dangerous and revolutionary sentiments. Revolution is what the Seymour kind of Democrat wants—revolution backward! Revolution that will turn the soldiers of the late war under, and bring him and his loved traitors on top. Soldier! How then can you vote for Seymour and Blair? Say you won't next Tuesday.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday, Republicans, watch your tickets closely, as counterfeit Republican tickets are always circulated at the election. Put none in but the genuine, but be sure and go to the polls and put one of them into the ballot-box. Every vote tells.

* * *

DAVID CRAWFORD on voting at the election in 1860 declared that it was "the last vote he ever would cast in the *United States.*" David was then deep in the counsels of the rebels and hoped and believed they would succeed in dividing the Union. Ought such a man be allowed to hope for success in running for Congress in this District? That he declared the forgoing, can be proved.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday, voters of Beaver county, remember the sins of the Copperhead party for the past seven years and set them in order before you. Then remember that the party, by the nomination of Seymour, gives notice that it has not repented of any one of those sins—that it *is* what it *was* and will not advance with the times and [illegible] rather chooses to go backward—that it wants slavery restored, the national debt repudiated and traitors honored, while the soldiers who fought for the nation in the late war are disgraced. Then go to the polls and fight against it.

* * *

DAVID CRAWFORD's majority in Greene county will not exceed 1500. We have reliable information of this. We have also reliable information that Capt. Donley will run ahead of his ticket there. A careful poll of the county shows gains for him in every township except two or three. Voters of Beaver make your gains for Donley over the rebel sympathizer, Crawford, greater than Greene. You are able to do it. Crawford's traitorous character is before you. See that you put him behind you as you would that first old arch rebel, Satan.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday let there be no break in your columns, Republicans of Beaver county. Carry your county ticket right along with your State ticket, and go to the polls and vote both without scratch or blemish. Let not the enemy have a crumb of comfort until he shows "fruits meet for repentance." A vote cast against each particular candidate of the enemy is a vote against Seymour and Blair, who are not such "fruits," and neither can any of their supporters be. Vote squarely against the whole cop ticket. It is your best measure of self-defense.

* * *

DAVID CRAWFORD was in Greene county when the news of the Gettysburg battle reached there. The news of the first day was favorable to the Federal arms. The next day the news came that the Federals were faring badly. Crawford remarked, to a friend: "Well P., the Federals did not make much after all." Voters do you think Crawford ought to "make much" in his present race for Congress? Go to the polls and see that he does not.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday remember Republican ladies of Beaver county this is leap year, and you have a right to call upon any negligent, lazy Republican (if you can find such an one,) and escort him to the polls, vote him, and return him safe home. Such a Republican needs just such nursing. See that he gets it, and your country will bless you if he is even ungallant enough not to.

* * *

DAVID CRAWFORD on hearing of one of the rebel raids northward in 1861, declared to a friend that "it was all right," and that "Jeff Davis would be in Washington in less than ten days." He hoped for this. Voters ought such a man as Crawford to go to Washington now as your representative? "In less than ten days" you will be called upon to vote as to his fitness. Give him "fits" as his master Davis caught them, and see that he does not get to Washington any bearer than Davis did.

* * *

NEXT Tuesday, Republican voters of Beaver county, let all local issues and personal prejudices be forgotten as between you. Every man owes it to his country and to his posterity in view of the great national importance of the present campaign to vote a straight out Republican ticket, and to be sure and vote. Yes, be sure and vote.

* * *

DAVID CRAWFORD has made a great effort during this canvass to get the people of this district to send him as their representative to Congress. But he forgot to tell them any thing of his record during the war. This deficiency must be supplied. He was a clerk in one of the Departments at Washington when the rebellion broke out. His wife's relations in Greene county stated that he was offered a situation at Montgomery, Alabama, under the rebel government, and he wrote home that he intended to accept it. This is a fact, notoriously known among his friends in Greene county. To vote for such a man, then, is to vote for a rebel sympathizer who did not carry his sympathy farther than words—the meanest kind of a copperhead.

* * *

THE following articles appeared in the Washington *Reporter* more than a month ago, and neither Mr. Crawford or any of his friends have seen proper to deny a single statement made in it. If every syllable is not true why have they been thus silent?

Crawford the Secessionist.

The Democracy committed a fatal blunder in their nominations at New York, and throughout the country the same error is committed, of nominating the most ultra copperheads for office, many of them having been open and known secessionists. In this district they have placed in nomination for Congress David Crawford, a man who was a secessionist, during the war, and we *dare* the opposition to prove that he was not. He did not breathe a loyal breath during the long and terrible struggle. From the inception to the downfall of treason Mr. Crawford was a blatant advocate of the cause of rebellion. His disloyal utterances disgusted his personal friends, and we can place our fingers upon men who support him to-day for effect, and yet was it not for the trammels of party they would bolt him outright.

When the war began Crawford was a clerk in one of the departments at Washington city. His violent sympathy and open advocacy of the cause of the rebels, and his denunciation of the Union, was known among his friends, and disgusted a relative (as well as fellow boarders) with whom he boarded, to such an intolerable extent that he was compelled to rebuke him openly. He even disgusted a rebel who afterwards became a General in the armies of treason. Crawford was rebuked by this southerner for his violence. He went beyond the views of the rebel in his denunciations of the north. It is a fact too, which we can prove, and we dare denial of it, that Crawford had all his arrangements made shortly after the opening of the war, to move from Washington to Alabama. He said he intended to cast his destiny with the South. He however on account of sickness in his family came north, and on his way to Greene county stopped over night in this place. On account of his treasonable utterances, he was ordered to leave the town, and it was only through the intercession of friends that he was saved a coat of tar and feathers for his open secession expressions. Such is Crawford. A rebel at heart he was beyond a doubt, and we dare him or his friends to deny it. This is the man for whom honest men are asked to vote. We have no desire to misrepresent him, beyond what the positive record which we have will show, but we intend to charge home on his treason and treasonable utterances and sympathies. We will return to the subject again.

* * *

DAVID CRAWFORD was in Washington a rebel sympathizer, when the war began. He then publicly declared his belief that it was a truth, that "one Southern man could whip five Northern soldiers." He was heard repeatedly to say this, and there is proof extant of the fact. How can any northern man with any sense of self respect vote for him?

* * *

AN indecent personal attack is made on us in last week's *Local* over the signature of "Prognosticator." The writer though seemingly a Democrat, is a professed Republican. His identity has not been very hard to ascertain. We are however too good a Republican and have the interests of our cause too much at heart to allow this beastly attack to induce us to make an exposure of the blackguard *at the present time.* We will therefore, wait until the election is over, when we think we will be able to show the public that this communication is only the first of a series of steps to be taken "to crush out" several Republicans in this county, and also to "drive us" out of the *Argus* office, so that some pliant tool may be had in our place. As we have intimated above, we propose in due course of time to give him and some of his present schemes and antecedent political adventures such an airing as they have not had before.

THE STAMPEDE.

Accessions to the Ranks of Grant and Colfax by the Battalion.

A few weeks since a large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held in front of the residence of Chas. McLain, Esq., in Middleton Clearfield county, Pa. Mr. McLain has been a life long Democrat, and will vote the straight Republican ticket this fall for the first time. As the Grant and Colfax club were passing the Democratic headquarters on their way to Mr. McLain's, *nearly one hundred voters, mostly Democrats, fell into line,* with cheers for Grant and Colfax. They stated they couldn't stand the cry of repudiation and the attacks on Union soldiers any longer, and would hereafter be found in the ranks of the friends of the Union and the soldiers.

Hon. James H. Walton, a prominent citizen of Philadelphia, and life-long Democrat, has written a letter to Hon. H. D. Maxwell, of Easton, Pa., declaring that he will vote for and give his support to Grant and Colfax. Mr. Walton was a Democrat of the old Tenth Legion School, and was all his life a particular friend of James Buchanan. He was a member of the State Senate in 1850, was Treasurer of the United States mint and Assistant Treasurer of the United States by appointment of President Buchanan, serving until 1863.

AND has it come to this—that a Kentuckian is to be termed a carpet-bagger? In his letter to THE TRIBUNE, published on Friday morning, the Hon. B. H. Hill says: "I know both Pierce and Murphy, the two white men who conducted this whole Camilla affair. They are of the most emphatic specimens of what are termed carpet-baggers." Pierce is a Kentuckian. Messrs. Humphrey Marshall, Simon B. Buckner, and George D. Prentice, might be counted "carpet-baggers" in Georgia. But while writing of this Camilla massacre, and giving full weight to Mr. Hill's charges of Republican responsibility, we cannot forbear printing side by side the remarks of the Hon. B. H. Hill at a Seymour and Blair barbecue in Forsyth, Ga., and the words written by the Hon. H. M. Turner, an expelled negro member of the Georgia Legislature, in an address to the colored people of that State. Thus:

HON. B. H. HILL (White).	HON. H. M. TURNER (Black).
In the course of his remarks, he referred to the Union men of the Commonwealth in these words: [illegible] There is one remark I wish the people to ponder well. *I hate them. It is Christian duty to hate them. No man will ever get to heaven unless he hates them.*"	"It is, therefore, a sacred duty which every colored man owes to himself, his family, and his country, to maintain his manhood and his right of citizenship. It is our duty to meet and invoke Congressional aid in the security of our rights. Rally then, rally colored voters, [illegible] your rights, your citizenship, and your personal liberty! *Guard against all disturbances, as this is a moral contest, a bloodless battle. Drunkards and fools fight in person—sober and wise men fight with thoughts and words.*"

It is the wolf that is disturbing this water.

New Advertisements.

Sale of Oil Stock

ONE SHARE OF STOCK IN THE TAYLOR OIL Company, will be offered at public sale, at the Court House, at 2 P. M., Oct. 24—1868.
oct7-3t. R. T. TAYLOR, Secretary.

DR. J. R. LOCKHART,

FREEDOM, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

All calls promptly attended. [sept12-3m.

STRAY COW.

STRAYED FROM THE PREMISES OF THE SUBSCRIBER, in South Beaver township, about the 16th of August, a black and white spotted cow, with white belly, small teats, and wide spread horns, between eight and nine years of age, and was giving but little milk when she strayed off. Any information concerning said cow will be suitably rewarded.
oct7'68;4t. MRS. MORGAN.

SPEYERER & SON

HAVING THIS DAY TAKEN IN PARTNERSHIP with me in the business of general merchandising, my son, Herman L. Speyerer, the business will hereafter be carried on in the name of SPEYERER & SONS, at the old stand, on Water street, in Rochester.

My books will remain at the Store, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to me will please call and settle, as it is desired to close up all the old business without delay.
oct7'68;4t. GEORGE C. SPEYERER.

FARMERS

Take Notice!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PLACED THEIR Grist Mill in thorough repair with new Bolts, &c., and having secured the services of William Sodleke, our old miller, and late of the Industry mill, we are prepared to warrant all work and give the largest turn out of any mill west of the mountains.

Come One, Come all and Try us ! !

LUMBER, SHINGLES

AND LATH, as cheap as the cheapest.
J. & H. DARRAGH,
Sharon Mills, Beaver County, Pa.
oct7'68. Local copy.

BEAVER ACADEMY.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, Oct. 12th, 1868.

REV. JOHN W. MARTIN, D. D.,

has been chosen Principal. He was formerly Principal of the Ulster Institution for the deaf and dumb and the blind, Belfast; and Headmaster of the National Institution for the deaf and dumb of Ireland, Claremont, Dublin; and recently President of the Lincoln University. We are assured that Dr. Martin is a ripe scholar, and a successful instructor. He purposes to revive the school, if God will. The first term will be short, in consequence of the lateness of beginning. The tuition will correspond. A liberal discount will be allowed to the orphans of soldiers and children of clergymen.

D. L. DEMPSEY, } Committee.
R. P. ROBERTS, }
sept16.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER ISSUED OUT OF the Orphans' Court of Beaver County, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue, on the premises on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3d, 1868,

at 1 o'clock P. M., all that certain lot of ground situated in the Borough of Frankfort Springs, in said county (late the property of Joseph Witherow,) bounded on the north by lot of Wm. Stewart, on the east by public street, on the south by lot of Hugh McCutcheon and on the west by lot of Mary A. Morrison, containing ¼ of an acre, all under fence, and on which there is erected a two story frame house.

Terms of sale, one-half of the purchase money in hand on confirmation of sale, the balance in one year from that date with interest, and secured by judgment bond or bond and mortgage. The purchaser to pay the expense of preparing deed, stamps, &c.

WM. H. FRAZIER,
sept16;3t. Adm'r. of Joseph Witherow.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

SEAL In the Orphans' Court in and for the County, before the Hon. Judges of said Court.

In the matter of the Partition of the real estate of James McCasky, dec'd., the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: To John McCasky, (brother of deceased,) residing at or near Orrville, Ohio, and children of a deceased sister, viz: Eleanor intermarried with David McCague, now deceased, but leaving issue, viz: David McCague, Petitioner, Nancy intermarried with Eli White of Lawrence county Pa., Mary M'Cague, Marg't. M'Cague, Eliza Ann McCague of Chippewa tp., Beaver county, 3d. And children of another brother of deceased, to wit: William McCasky's children, viz: John McCasky whose residence is unknown, William and Alexander and Nancy, whose residences are unknown, Eleanor whose residence is unknown; also, the children of Jane Dolan, dec'd., to wit: John, William, James, Nancy, Rosanna, Mary Ann, Sarah Martha and Margaret J. Dolan, whose residences are unknown; also, children of Martha Moore, dec'd., to wit: John, Joseph, William, James, Robert and Nancy Ann Moore; Also, another sister of deceased, whose heirs are Maria, intermarried with Benj. Brandon, who resides in Blakesville, Mercer county, Pa., Robert who is dec'd., Martha intermarried with —— Hagey of Indiana, Jane who lives near Blakesville, Mercer co., Pa., and Mary intermarried with —— Johnston; also, the children of Andrew McCaskey, viz: John, James, William and Emily intermarried with Siberts, Jane intermarried with —— Homer, and Fanny intermarried with —— Odell; also, the children of John McCaskey, who resides in Virginia, Mary intermarried with —— Sellers, Malissa who is intermarried with —— Scott. You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before Hon. Judges of our said Court, in and for said county, at an Orphans Court, to be held at Beaver, on the Second Monday of November next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said dec'd., at the valuation put upon it by an inquest awarded by said Court, and returned by the Sheriff to September Term, 1868, and found to contain 147 acres, 146 perches, and valued and appraised at twenty-five dollars per acre, and in the event of non-acceptance to show cause why the same should not be sold.

Witness the Hon. Alex. W. Acheson, President of our said Court, at Beaver, the 7th day of September, 1868. A true copy of rule.

Attest: J. S. LITTELL, Sheriff.
JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.
Sheriff's Office, Beaver 7th, 1868.

LIME, LIME,

Try it. LIME, Try it.

At the new Monitor Lime Kilns.

20 Cts. Per Bush.

THIS LIME HAS BEEN PRONOUNCED BY ALL who have given it a fair trial to be the best Lime they ever used. There is no ashes or cinders in it, for the coal is not mixed with the stone to burn it. As I can burn Lime much cheaper I will sell lower than any one else, and give

BETTER PRICES.

Contractors, Builders and others using a large amount of Lime can buy from 2 to 5 cents per bushel less at

MULVANON LIME KILNS

than they can elsewhere, and get Lime, that is worth nearly five cents per bushel more.

TRY IT EVERYBODY

Lime delivered in Rochester at 25 cts. per bushel. Send orders to Mulvanon Lime Kilns, Vanport, or to

W. J. DUNN,
BEAVER P. O.

P. S. No charge for my cars that is found in the Lime. [oct7'68;1y.

GENERAL ELECTION

Proclamation.

WHEREAS, IN AND BY AN ACT OF THE GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed 2d day of July A. D., 1839, it is made the duty of the sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notice to enumerate:

1. The officers to be elected.
2. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

I, JOHN S. LITTELL,

High Sheriff of the county of Beaver, do hereby make known, and give this public notice to the Electors of the county of Beaver, that

ON THE 1ST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT,

(being the third day of the month) a General Election will be held at the several election districts as follows:

The electors of Borough township will meet at the Court House in the Borough of Beaver.

The electors of Bridgewater borough will meet at the Town Hall in Bridgewater.

The electors of Phillipsburg district will meet at the public brick school house in said borough.

The electors of Moon township will meet at the house formerly occupied by Amariah Hendrickson now by John D. Elliott.

The electors of Hopewell township will meet at the school house in the village of Scottsville, in said township.

The electors of Independence township will meet at the house of Alexander Thompson, dec'd., in said township.

The electors of Raccoon township will meet at the house of David Ewing, in said township.

The electors of Frankfort district will meet at the house of George Duncan, in Frankfort.

The electors of M'Guire district will meet at the house of John Potter, in the village of Hanover.

The electors of Greene township will meet at the house of [illegible] in Hookstown.

The electors of Ohio township will meet at the house now occupied by [illegible], in said township.

The electors of Brighton township (not embraced in Industry district) will meet at the school house, near Richey Eakin's, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Fallston will meet at the Academy in Fallston.

The electors of Patterson township will meet at the school house in the village of Brighton.

The electors of Chippewa township will meet at the house of Amariah Jones, in said township.

The electors of South Beaver township will meet at the house of John Reed, in said township.

The electors of Darlington township will meet at the Academy in Darlington.

The electors of Big Beaver township will meet at the house of widow Miller, in said township.

The electors of Franklin township will meet at the house of Mark M. Clark, in said township.

The electors of North Sewickley township will meet at the house of Nathan Hazen, on land formerly of Benj. Chew.

The electors of Pulaski township will meet at Daugherty's School house, No. 4, in said township.

The electors of Marion township will meet at the house of George Hartzell, jr., in said township.

The electors of the upper or north ward in the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the Carpenter shop of Thos. Miller, in said borough.

The electors of middle ward of the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the School House, in said ward.

The electors of lower or south ward of the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the Car factory, in said ward.

The electors of Rochester township will meet at the Holsworth school house, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Rochester will meet at the school house in Rochester.

The electors of Freedom borough and district will meet at the school house in Freedom.

The electors of New Sewickley township will meet at the house of John Feazel, in said township.

The electors of Industry district will meet at the school house in Industry.

The electors of Harmony township will meet at the hotel in Economy.

The electors of Economy township will meet at the house of Geo. C. Minis, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Beaver will meet at the Sheriff's office, in said borough.

The electors of St. Clair borough will meet at the School House, in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Baden at the public school house, in said borough.

The electors of New Galilee borough will meet at the school house in New Galilee.

At which time and place the qualified electors as aforesaid will elect by ballot:

Twenty-six persons as electors of President of the United States.

Twenty-six persons as electors of Vice-President of the United States.

Notice is Hereby Given,

I make known and give notice, as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, "that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive department of this State or United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and of the select and common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth and that no inspector or judge or other officer at any such election, shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for."

Also, that in the fourth section of the act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved, April 16, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

Also, that in the 61st section of said act it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The general, special, city, incorporated district and township elections shall be conducted by inspectors and judges elected as aforesaid, and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid but a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election; but a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. Provided, That white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two, and having resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants, furnished by the Commissioners, unless first, he produces a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax, assessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence, either on his own oath or affirmation or on the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath of the payment thereof; or second, if he claims a vote by being an elector between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of his residence in the district as required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age, and shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall not be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof thereof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, as required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act from holding such election or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and imprisonment for any time not less than one month nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or the township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors, respectively, to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such elections, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors, or either of them, shall from time to time require.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof or by any printed or written advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so offered to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election in this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualifications, shall aid or procure such persons to vote, the persons or person offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three months.

If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intention to vote illegally, or shall vote the same, or if any person shall advise or procure another to do so, he or they so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets, or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

The Return Judges of the respective districts in this county are required to meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver, on the first Friday after the election, being the 30th of October, 1868, at 10 o'clock, then and there to perform the duties enjoined upon them by law.

The Representative Return Judges will meet, in accordance with an act approved May 5th, 1864, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, on the seventh day after the election, being Tuesday, Oct. 20th, 1868.

The Congressional Return Judges will meet in accordance with an Act approved May 1st, 1861, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, in the county of Beaver, on the seventh day after the election, being Tuesday, October 20th, 1868.

And by "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is provided and directed as follows:

SEC. 81. When two or more counties shall compose a district for the choice of a member or members of the Senate of this Commonwealth, or of the House of Representatives of the United States, or of this Commonwealth, the Judges of the election in each county, having met as aforesaid, the Clerks shall make out a fair statement of all the votes which shall have been given at such election, within the county, for every person voted for, as such members, which shall be signed by said Judges and attested by the Clerks, and one of the said Judges shall take charge of such certificate, and shall produce the same at a meeting of one Judge from each county, at such place, in such districts, as is or may be appointed by law for the purpose; which meeting shall be held on the seventh day after the election.

SEC. 82. The Judges of the several counties having met, as aforesaid, shall cast up the several county returns and make duplicate returns of all the votes given for each office in said district, and of the names of the person or persons elected, and one of said returns for each office, shall be deposited in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which they shall meet, and the other shall by said Judges be deposited in the nearest post office, sealed and directed as in parts two and three the eighteenth section of this act.

SEC. 83. It shall also be the duty of the Return Judges in every case, to transmit to each of the persons elected to serve in Congress, or in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, a certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return.

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT TO THE ELECTION LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved June 4th, 1866, entitled "A further supplement to the election laws of this Commonwealth,"

WHEREAS, by the act of Congress of the United States, entitled, "an act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the National forces, and for other purposes," and approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged, or relieved from the penalty or disability therein provided, are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished, and forfeited their rights of citizenship, and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof:

AND WHEREAS, Persons not citizens of the United States, are not, under the Constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot or ballots from any person or persons, embraced in the provisions, and subject to the disability, imposed by said act of Congress, approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them shall receive or consent to receive, any such unlawful ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, he shall, for each offense, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county, for not less than sixty days.

SECTION 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, shall, at any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to the officers thereof, and offer to vote, a ballot or ballots, any person, so offending, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall, for each offense, be punished in like manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act, in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade, or advise, any person, or persons, deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots, to the officers of any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such officers to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner as is provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot, or ballots.

AN ACT REGULATING THE MODE OF VOTING AT ALL ELECTIONS, IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THIS COMMONWEALTH.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved March 30, 1866, entitled "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of the Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are, hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside, "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for, and be labeled "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of senator, member and members of assembly, and members of congress, if voted for, and be labeled, "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled, "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

SEAL Given under my hand at Beaver, the 16th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight and in the ninety-third year of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN S. LITTELL, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, } 4t.
Beaver, Oct. 7, '68. }

BOUNTY ACCOUNT.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF INDEPENDENCE TP. by their treasurer, William McCoy, in account with the township on Local Bounty under the 1st assessment in 1864.

		DR.
To amount of duplicate,	$3437 98	
To amount of war. on J. H. M'Coy, his successor,	313 84—	$3751 82
		CR.
By amount exonerations,	135 07	
By per centage,	58 75	
By aggregate of disburse. to sundry persons,	3578 00—	3751 82

		DR.
Do. By their treasurer William M'Coy on 2d assessment.		
To amount of duplicate,		3126 00
By disburs. to sundry persons,	1934 00	
By exonerations,	345 87	
By per centage,	63 52	
By amount pd his successor J. H. M'Coy,	885 11—	3126 00

		DR.
Do. By their treasurer J. H. M'Coy, on for 1865, 3d assessment.		
To amount of duplicate,	1935 86	
To amount from former treasurer, Wm. M'Coy,	886 61	
To amount to close placed to his credit in settlement of 4th assessment,	400 50—	3202 39
		CR.
By amt disburs. to sundry persons,	2808 54	
By exonerations,	330 15	
By per centage,	58 70—	3202 39

We, the undersigned auditors of Independence tp., for the year 1867, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true statement of the receipts and disbursements of the local bounty funds as exhibited by their treasurer for the 1st, 2d, and 3d assessments, and that the above balance ($400 50) is due their treasurer, J. H. M'Coy.

MATTHEW ANDERSON,
PHILIP STROUSS,
WM. REED,
April 15, A. D. 1868. Auditors.

School Directors of Independence township by their treasurer, James H. M'Coy, in account with the township, on local bounty under the 4th assessment 1866.

To amount of duplicate,		[illegible]
By amt overpaid on last set.,	[illegible]	
By exoneration,	[illegible]	
By per centage,	[illegible]	
By disbursements,	[illegible]	
Do. By their treasurer, James H. M'Coy on 5th assessment.		
To amount of duplicate,		[illegible]
By disbursements,	910 30	
By exonerations,	43 93	
By per centage,	27 41—	1011 [illegible]

We, the auditors of Independence township for the year 1868, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true statement of the receipts and disbursements of the local bounty funds as exhibited by their treasurer for the 4th and 5th assessments.

PHILIP STROUSS,
WM. REED,
JOHN HOLMES,
Sept. 4th, A. D. 1868. Auditors.

The Beaver Argus.

BEAVER, OCTOBER 7th, 1868.

LOCAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

The ARGUS has now a larger circulation than any paper published in the county. Advertisers will promote their own interest by bearing this in mind.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

TIME.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1y.
One square—10 lines	[illegible]	[illegible]	$5 00	8 00	10 00
Two squares	3 50	5 00	[illegible]	10 00	15 00
Three squares	5 00	6 00	9 00	11 00	18 00
Four squares	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
One-fourth column	7 00	10 00	12 00	16 50	25 00
One-half column	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	40 00
One column	20 00	25 00	30 00	40 00	75 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices............$3 00

Special Notices, per line.........................10

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except Transient advertising, which must be paid in Advance.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending on the 3d of October, 1868:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
September 27,	44 deg.	58 deg.	55 deg.
" 28,	52 deg.	64 deg.	50 deg.
" 29,	46 deg.	64 deg.	4 deg.
" 30,	46 deg.	66 deg.	60 deg.
October 1,	54 deg.	66 deg.	54 deg.
" 2,	54 deg.	71 deg.	58 deg.
" 3,	51 deg.	66 deg.	49 deg.

R. T. TAYLOR.

Wm. Bingham, Jr., 70 Fifth street, Chronicle buildings, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for THE ARGUS in that city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements, which appear for the first time in THE ARGUS to-day.

- ☞ Election Proclamation—John S. Littell.
- ☞ Stray Cow—Mrs. Morgan.
- ☞ Notice in Partition—John S. Littell.
- ☞ Oil Stock for Sale—R. T. Taylor.
- ☞ Farmers Take Notice—J. & H. Darragh.
- ☞ Notice—George Speyerer.
- ☞ Beaver Academy—Rev. Martin.
- ☞ Card—J. R. Lockhart.
- ☞ Orphans' Court Sale—Wm. H. Frazier, Adm'r.
- ☞ Special Notice—Sewing Machine.
- ☞ Special Notice—American Agriculturalist.
- ☞ Special Notice—Burdett's Organ.

It pays to obtain an Education. The best school is the cheapest. The State Normal School at Edinboro is one of the best and cheapest.

Found.—Nearly four hundred dollars. The owner will please come forward, prove property, pay advertisement and receive it. DR. A. W. ACHESON. *Beaver, Pa., September 30th.*

Le Verre's panorama of the world was exhibited in the M. E. Church of Beaver on last Thursday and Friday evenings. A large number of persons were present on the occasion, and all appeared well satisfied with the exhibition.

Fine Peaches.—Mr. Isaac Shane, a whole-souled Republican of Brighton township, has our thanks for a basket of very fine, ripe peaches. The trees on which they grew, were raised from the seed by Mr. Shane. The peaches were not hard to take.

A Household word. The best, the only reliable, the cheapest. Try it. Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer, or Dressing, (*in one bottle*.) My wife and children prefer it. Every Druggist sells it. Price one dollar. 3t.

Post Office Change.—During the past week a change was made in this place of postmistress.—Mrs. Sophia Hays taking the place of Miss McGaffick, removed. The Post office, has, in consequence of this change, been removed to the North-East corner of the Diamond.

At Home.—Capt. Gillis of this place, commander of the Wateree, the U. S. vessel that was washed ashore at Arica in South America by the great earthquake a couple of months ago, reached home a few days ago. He looks hearty. He has been absent from home about eighteen months.

Fresh Fish.—Our old friend, Capt. R. F. McIlvane, is again supplying the people of this vicinity with fresh fish, direct from Lake Erie. He visits this place quite frequently and will take pleasure in supplying the community with fine, plump, fresh fish at about 12 cts. per pound. If you wish to live economically then, make a raid on the Capt. whenever you get sight of him in his wagon.

Attention Wide Awakes.—There will be a procession of the wide awakes of the entire county at Beaver on Friday evening next, the 9th inst. All wide awakes are earnestly requested to attend. Those of Beaver who cannot are requested to leave their uniforms at the Revenue office; also, all those who have the Beaver club uniforms borrowed will please leave them at the same place. By order of

J. H. JOHNSON, Capt.

Complimentary.—We are in receipt of complimentary tickets to the Allegheny county, Harrison county, (O), and Stark county, (O) Fairs. Our thanks are due the officers of these societies for their courtesy.

The officers of the Beaver county Agricultural society, do not appreciate printers' ink. If they ever did extend any courtesies to the Press, either at home or abroad, it must have occurred a long time ago.—Here we "pays our dollar."

A Fine Specimen of Horse-Flesh.—We noticed a very fine specimen of horse-flesh at the fair on last Friday. The horse to which we refer is owned by Mr. John Dillon of New Galilee, this county, and known as "Tom King." He was imported a few years ago from Canada by Mr. Dillon, and it occurrs to us, that as a draft horse, he has but few superiors anywhere. Large, and powerfully built, his appearance cannot fail to arrest the attention of all who desire to improve their stock.

Making Democratic Voters.—At the adjourned court held in this place on last Thursday sixteen Irish railroad laborers from Wallace's Run, in this county, were naturalized. Eleven of them were sworn for by one man—their "boss." The remaining five made oath that they came to this country before they were eighteen years of age. The singularity about these was the fact that some of them appeared to be as much as forty-five years old. Of course every one of the sixteen will vote the Democratic ticket.

New Advertisements.—The fact that our columns are crowded this week with the two proclamations of the Sheriff has prevented the appearance of quite a number of new advertisements handed in for insertion in this week's *Argus*. Among these we may mention that of S. J. Cross & Co., and the Messrs. Merrick. The former have just received a heavy and well selected stock of Dry Goods which they will sell at very low rates, and the latter are manufacturing and disposing of Stoves, Grates, &c., at unusually low figures. Look out for their advertisements next week.

Accident on the Fair Grounds.—A painful accident accurred on the Fair grounds on last Thursday. Several ladies, we believe all from Pittsburgh, were enjoying a ride around the track in a two horse carriage, when the horses became frightened and ran around the ring at a furious rate. There were three ladies in the carriage when the horses started. The one having hold of the lines became very much excited, and leaped from the carriage to the ground, taking the lines out with her. One of her legs was broken in the fall. After making a complete round on the ring, the horses were stopped, but not until the vehicle was upset. The overturning of the carriage caused considerable injury to the other two ladies, but nothing that is very serious. A gentleman named Mr. Bread, from Fallston or New Brighton, we believe, was also seriously injured in his efforts to stop the running team. He was struck with the knee of one of the horses, and had one or more of his ribs broken. The sufferers were all taken to the residence of J. B. Wilson, Esq., at the upper end of town, where they received medical treatment.

(From Pittsburgh Commercial of August 5th.)

WESTMORELAND FRAUDS!

Deposition of Hon. John Covode.

A CHARGE OF CONSPIRACY.

Arrest of Edward J. Keenan.

ANOTHER GANG DISCOVERED.

The boldest and most unscrupulous means are being employed by the leaders of the Democracy in this State to defeat the Hon. John Covode, present member of Congress from the Twenty-first District. The vote is always close in that district, and Gen. Covode's influence and popularity are such as to secure his re-election, if unfair means are not employed to accomplish his defeat. That the Democratic State Committee, through its agents have been engaged in the infamous business of colonizing voters from this and the adjoining counties, lately became evident from the presence of the men themselves in the localities where they were intended to be used, and from other facts and circumstances recently brought to light.

We have already published the statement of Mr. Jones, by whom Edward J. Keenan, of Greensburg, the agent of the Democratic State Committee, was entrapped into making such frank admissions as to how he was succeeding in his colonization schemes, for the purpose of defeating Gen. Covode. Mr. Covode visited this city on Saturday and made the following deposition before Alderman Nicholson, which charges conspiracy against Keenan and others, and which will probably be followed up by other suits:

Commonwealth vs. Edward J. Keenan, John Guffey, John George, Robert Black and others.

On the 3d day of October, 1868, before me, an Alderman in and for the city of Pittsburgh, personally came John Covode, who being first duly sworn deposeth and saith, that on the ninth day of September, 1868, at Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, a certain Edward J. Keenan, John Guffey, John George, Robert Black and others, to this deponent unknown, did unlawfully, fraudulently, and maliciously conspire and agree to cause and procure a large number of persons, whose names are to this deponent unknown, to be taken to divers places in the county of Westmoreland, in the State aforesaid, and to cause and procure such persons so taken to said county to vote at the State election to be held on the second Tuesday of October, 1868; such persons so procured to be taken to said Westmoreland county not being legal voters in said county, and the said Edward J. Keenan and others, well knowing that said persons were not legal voters in said county.

And deponent further saith, that in pursuance of said conspiracy the said Edward J. Keenan and others did, on the day and year aforesaid, and at divers times since, and in the county of Allegheny aforesaid, cause and procure a large number of persons to be taken to Westmoreland county to vote at said State election, such persons not being legal voters in said Westmoreland county, and that said Edward J. Keenan and others well knowing that such persons were not legal voters in said Westmoreland county. Deponent, therefore, desires that a warrant may issue and that the said Edward J. Keenan and others may be arrested and held to answer a charge of conspiracy to cause and procure persons to vote fraudulently at the State election in Westmoreland county, and for causing and procuring persons to be taken to said Westmoreland county to vote fraudulently at said State election.

JOHN COVODE.

Sworn and subscribed before me, A. S. Nicholson Alderman, this third day of October, 1868.

The above information was made about noon, and warrants were immediately issued for the arrest of Mr. Keenan, and the other parties named therein.—Officer J. R. Larimer was entrusted with the warrants, and a few minutes before three o'clock Keenan was arrested at his office, in the rooms of the Democratic Executive Committee, on Fifth Street. He expressed no surprise at the arrest, and accompanied the officer at once to the office of Alderman Nicholson on Grant street.

The information was then read in the hearing of the defendant, and bail was demanded for trial at Court, in the sum of one thousand dollars. Mr. Keenan stated that he was entitled to a hearing, when the Alderman named Wednesday afternoon next, at two o'clock.

S. P. Ross, Esq., who accompanied Mr. Keenan to the magistrate's office, tendered bail in the sum of one thousand dollars, conditioned for the prisoner's appearance on Wednesday. Mr. Ross also tendered bail in a similar amount for each of the other defendants in advance of their arrests, which was accepted.

Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., has been retained as counsel for Mr. Covode.

ANOTHER GANG DISCOVERED.

Mr. Covode learned on Saturday, that a gang of twenty-one men had been sent up by the Connellsville road, and assessed in Sewickley Township, Westmoreland county, by Mr. Groshawalt, the Assessor of that district. They had been taken up on Friday, under the control of Mr. Frank Smith, wharf master on the Connellsville road, and were assessed late that evening. Mr. Smith has been working a large number of hands up there for some time, and was sending squads of men up frequently, to which no exception would have been taken had he not, as is alleged, procured the assessment of the men whom he took up on Friday.—Mr. John Guffey, and a coal manager named Clarke, are said to have had some agency in this business.—Mr. Smith promised Gen. Covode that he would have the men taken away next Tuesday, and that they would not be allowed to vote in that county. It is due to Mr. Hughart, the President of the Connellsville Railroad company, to state that he is relieved from all blame in this matter, as he was absent at the time, and the men were sent up without his knowledge. As the attempted fraud has been detected and prevented, no prosecution will be instituted at present.

Accidents in Bridgewater.—During the past week several serious accidents occurred in Bridgewater, this county, among which we may mention the following:

Mrs. Margaret Bradley sustained severe injuries by falling from a porch. She is too unwell to be moving about.

Wesley Brown fell from the coal house attached to the Public School and had his left fore-arm broken.

Joseph Nelson had his left wrist dislocated and the bones fractured by a fall.

All are receiving medical attention from Dr. Levis, and are recovering from their injuries.

GREEN GARDEN, RACCOON TP., BEAVER COUNTY, PA., October 3rd 1868.

EDITOR ARGUS: We had a very enthusiastic little meeting of the Grant and Colfax men of Green Garden last evening. S. B. Wilson and James Cameron, Esqrs., addressed the meeting after it was called to order by President J. J. Crail. Mr. Cameron made a very telling speech, followed by S. B. Wilson who spoke at length on the trials of our country. The meeting was small on account of a very heavy thunder storm about dusk, but full of life and strength. We will fight on for our rights.

Yours as ever,
DANIEL HARVEY.

Eminent Women of the Age.—Such is the title of a charmingly written and illustrated work which we have had the pleasure of examining lately, published by Messrs. S. M. Betts & Co., of Hartford, Conn. The list of contributors contains such well known names as James Parton, Theodore Tilton, Horace Greeley, Mrs. E. Cady Stanton, Grace Greenwood, Prof. Hoppin, &c., in all eighteen.

The value of the work is enhanced by the fact that it contains a large number of portraits, finely engraved on steel. In this respect it will not suffer by comparison with any subscription book yet published.

The book is one of much interest, whether for the casual reader, or the student of history and character; and not the least interesting impression it leaves is that of the large number of women, whose genius and courage have enabled them to hew their way to fame in spite of the abounding, and often unreasonable obstacles with which they have to contend.

We commend the book to the women of Beaver county; and still more to those men who cling to the theory that women should have but two ambitions—to get a husband, and to keep his house in good order.

Prof. T. H. Douglas, late principal of Bridgewater Union School is agent for the sale of the book in this County, and is now engaged in canvassing for the same, and we feel confident that all who may subscribe for it will find themselves highly delighted and pleased.

The subscription price is from $3.50 to $5.00 according to style of binding.

Beaver Female Seminary and Musical Institute.—We clip the following from the *Steubenville Daily Herald*:

"Education is the fulcrum of a nation, the polar star of humanity. The training of the young decides the destiny of a country. The hope of the world is founded on well disciplined minds; thence civilization, progress, religion and philanthropy. The political statutes and laws, our mechanical research, and improvements, our agricultural science, are the productions of education. A refined intellect and a cultivating mind are the crowning creation of the Supreme Architect, has created man in his image, endowed him with a superiority of mind above all. His intention is that man shall develop all the faculties given him. It is therefore a duty incumbent upon man to cultivate the talents so magnanimously bestowed upon him, and it is also the duty of parents to watch with judicious care that their children should be properly educated. America, having more facility for the cultivation of the mind than her fine institutions, can produce more superior minds than the Old World. The free school system, the high school, which is the college of the poor; the numberless seminaries, colleges, and literary academies, disseminate science, and their effects work is felt through the amelioration of our laws, our citizens, enable us of study, researches of science, and skill of mechanism. The question oftimes is perplexing to the anxious father, where to send his children to school, what associations will they have? Are the teachers competent? Is there morality as well as science taught? It is true those questions are perplexing and need a great deal of scrutiny. We would say, choose for your children, a seminary or college in a good healthy location, away from the din and noise of the city, where pure air can be breathed, and where the children can enjoy health and innocent exercise, thus developing the physical as well as the metaphysical. Then inquire about the order and the status of the school; the ability of its teachers; the character and standing of the gentlemen forming its faculty. When parents are satisfied that all these needed elements are united they cannot fail in their selection. The caption of this article, "Beaver Female Seminary," is the *maximum dictum* as all the elements to form an education are combined. Religion, piety, talent, fresh air, beautiful grounds and parental care given to the pupils. This institution has a regular course of study, commencing from the intuitive branches of English, to the highest branches of English, Latin, French and German education.—Music is one of its specialities, having most compent teachers, and all its branches are thoroughly taught—comprising vocalism and different kinds of instrumentals, according to the taste and inclination of the pupil. Drawing, painting, book-keeping and other ornamental and artistical sciencees are also taught.—The presiding gentleman, Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., is an eloquent preacher, has the cause of education at heart, and is surrounded by preceptresses of talent.—We could not recommend a better managed and more efficient institution than the "Beaver Seminary."—Parents wishing to educate their children should write to Rev. R. T. Taylor, and a catalogue with full description of grades of tuition—discipline of the institution, charges of boarding, &c., will be sent them gratis. Direct your letters to Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Female Seminary, Beaver, Pa.

Seymour Sold Out.

[From the Nation.]

There is a report, which we give for what it is worth, that Mr. Seymour believes that he has been "sold out" in this State, and that the chief object of the party—that for which he is to be sacrificed—is, first, the senatorship; next, control of some of the great metropolitan districts and New York city "institutions." Democratic Presidential voters are to be traded off for Republican voters for Assemblymen. The Senate, which holds over, is Republican, to be sure, but by only two majority; and the Democratic majority on joint ballot is now twenty-two. At all events it is certain that among all Republicans, whether betting men or not, confidence increases from week to week. Vermont, Maine and Camilla, Ga., have one after the other given an impulse to the Republican cause. Since the Maine election the whole or nearly the whole Republican strength for canvassing has been laid out in Pennsylvania, according to an arrangement made long previously. We look to see nearly or quite 10,000 Republican majority in October, and 20,000 in November.

Beaver Seminary and Institute.—At the meeting of the Stockholders held at the Seminary Saturday afternoon of last week the following Board of Trustees was elected for the ensuing year:—Hon. Daniel Agnew, Rev. John Williams, D. D., Rev. D. P. Lowary, J. W. F. White, Esq., Rev. J. K. Miller, Rev. A. J. Endsley, Rev. Wm. Cox, D. D, Capt. J. V. McDonald, Thos. McCreery, Rev. Jas. Hollingshead, Henry Hice, Esq., Rev. Jas. R. Mills, John F. Dravo, Thos. Clarke, M. Weyand.

The character of this Board composed of many of our most worthy citizens and eminent ministers of the gospel is a sufficient guaranty to all the friends of education that the affairs of this institution of so much importance in many respects to our community will be well and judiciously managed. It gives us pleasure to inform our readers that the present term is very auspicious both in the character and number of its pupils.

—At a meeting of the new Board on the 5th inst, the following officers were chosen: President—Hon. Daniel Agnew; Secretary—M. Weyand; Treasurer—Thos. McCreery.

The *Times* is puzzled to account for the fact that New York city boasts of an organization whose sole aim and object is to do honor to General McClellan, and propounds the pertinent query *why* he is their "favorite General." The *Times* appears to be unable to decide whether he is honored for what he *did*,—or for what he *didn't*. It is seldom that we have seen the *Times's* penetration at fault. Ever since the General demonstrated the science of How Not to Do It, he has been the idol of that large class of people to be found in all large cities, whose whole time is devoted to the study of the Do Nothing art. These people have combined, not so much to honor the General as to invent cheap occasions for the exhibition of their own vanity. The whole thing is in reality more of a mutual admiration than a political organization, and we are satisfied that Gen. McClellan (if he has not already done it) will be called upon in due time to pay his entrance fee to the Do Nothing Club.

The persistency with which the press assail the Grecian Bend can have but one result, namely, to hasten the adoption of the ugly fashion by every village girl in the country. When the question of introducing hoops was discussed, the press decided it in short order. The comic journals attacked the "absurd" fashion; indiscreet ministers of the Gospel alluded to it slightingly. The daily press indulged in paragraphs, and the fashion was established inside of a month.—Woodcuts, photographic caricatures, stage burlesque, only prepared the public for the vast expansion of crinoline which succeeded. As an exchange sensibly remarks, "We hope the newspapers, the photographers, engravers and comic song writers will now see the propriety" of letting the Grecian Bend alone, unless they really desire to see our handsomest young ladies promenading our principal streets with humps on their backs.

Young man, go to school; you will never regret it. Go to the best school. Write for a circular of the State Normal School. Address J. A. Cooper, Edinboro, Pa.

Deaths.

NOBLE—At New Philadelphia, Ohio, on Friday Sept. 25, Mrs. Mary A. Noble, wife of Lester B. Noble, in the 21st year of her age.

Special Notices.

THAT WONDERFUL BURDETT ORGAN.—The greatest success of the age musically speaking, is the Burdett Organ. It has taken the public by storm as it were. Once heard it can never be forgotten. The sweetest effects of the human voice, the pathetic tones of the violin and the briliant strains of a full band, are produced upon the Burdett with wonderful truthfulness, and by the simplest means. The person who will purchase an Organ without having heard the Burdett, will deprive himself of a delicious musical treat. The manufacturers are at this moment some three hundred Organs behind their orders, as a letter to the sole Pittsburgh Agents Messrs. Kleber & Bro., No. 122 Wood St. shows. The difficulty is not so much to sell them as to get a sufficient supply for the demand. If you want to hear the music which is the very next thing to the human voice, call at Klebers and get him to play a tune on the Burdett for you. 3t

NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY.—The American Agriculturalist, the best Agricultural paper in this country can be secured for fourteen months for $1.50. Send your name and post office address to Wm. Bingham, Jr., Pittsburgh Advertising Agency, 70 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Mr. Bingham's reliability is guaranteed by the publishers of the paper. Old subscribers can renew. Extra 1868.

THE Empire Sewing Machine has again taken the first Premium at the Butler Co. Fair, for the Best Family and Manufacturing Machine. All in want of a good Sewing Machine, would do well to call on the agents, Messrs. Carson & Brothers, 10 Sixth St., late St. Clair, Pittsburgh Pa.

If Sampson's strength actually lay in the length and abundance of his hair, a liberal use of the famous Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative ought to impart many times the strength of that doughty ancient warrior, for there is no limit it will not reach if properly applied. N. H. Parris.

New Advertisements.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF
The National Bank of Beaver Co.
NEW BRIGHTON, Oct. 5, 1868.

ASSETS:

Loans and Discounts	$126,806 [illegible]
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes	100,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	34,500 00
Furniture and Fixtures	2,973 [illegible]
Expense Account and Taxes paid	[illegible]
Real Estate, Banking House	[illegible]
Due from Banks	[illegible]
Coin	1,672 70
Legal Tender, Bank Notes and Checks	37,275 41
	$[illegible] 71

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$100,000
National Bank Circulation	93,135
State Bank Circulation	105
Dividends unpaid	1,365 27
Contingent Fund	11,000 00
Due Depositors	[illegible]
Discount, Exchange and Interest	6,[illegible]
	$341,048 [illegible]

The above statement is a correct abstract from the report to the Comptroller of the Currency.
oct7,68. EDWARD HOOPS, Cashier.

THE GREAT
TIDAL WAVE
ROLLS ONWARD!

And sweeps with irresistible fury toward the Large
BOOT & SHOE ESTABLISHMENT
—OF—
R. Tallon,

who has just Received an Extensive Assortment of LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, Fine & Coarse, of Late Styles, and the Most Substantial Make.

We are enabled to sell our New Stock at prices ranging far below our former rates, and offer some of the MOST SUBSTANTIAL Eastern made work, from manufactories of high repute. Our stock of

LADIES' SHOES;

Consists of the most Fashionable and Substantial work in any Market, and from our Extensive Stock of

Boots & Shoes

for boys and men, we think we can satisfy all demands. We also have a stock of old styled shoes, which we offer

FROM $1,00 TO $1.50 PER PAIR.

The public are earnestly requested to call and examine our stock, and satisfy themselves.

R. Tallon,
THIRD STREET,
BEAVER, PA.

Geo. C. Speyerer,

Has just returned from the East and is now receiving a Large and Well Selected Assortment of Spring and Summer Goods

AT HIS OLD STAND

Corner of Water and James sts.,
Rochester, Pa.,

GENERAL DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS,
CAPS,
BOOTS and SHOES,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE,
IRON,
NAILS and
CARPENTER TOOLS,
ROPES and OCUM,
PACKING YARN,
OILS,
PAINTS, DRY AND IN OIL,
Queensware and Willow-ware

FLOUR, FLOUR, FLOUR,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Having the sole agency for the celebrated

CANTON CITY MILL

For Rochester and vicinity, we offer flour to dealers at Pittsburgh rates, saving freight from there.—Also,

FEED,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Also, having the agency for Buffalo Scale Co's Scales, we offer to the public, Scales at manufacturers prices, consisting of Hopper, Counter, Hay, Cattle, Darmont, Rolling Mill and Railroad Scales.

Also, Agents for Baugh's Bone Sulphate of Lime and Plaster Paris for lands.

Beaver Salt Manufacturing Co's Salt always on hand, we have always a full stock on hands.

OUR MOTTO:
CALL ONCE AND YOU WILL CALL AGAIN.
apr1'68-1y

H. WILLRICH. .... J. M. HARTFORD.

WILLRICH & HARTFORD
Have now Opened the Finest Selection of
FALL AND WINTER
BOOTS & SHOES,
Which they are selling at
GREAT BARGAINS
AND
LOW PRICES!
Call and examine our Stock.
NO. 100 MARKET STREET,
Corner of Fifth, Pittsburgh, Pa.
sep27'6-1y

NEW GOODS!

NEW FALL
AND
WINTER DRY GOODS
JUST OPENED
AT
James A. Fortune's
IN THE DIAMOND
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF DRY GOODS
Ever brought to Beaver County, and the Cheapest.
DRESS GOODS
An endless Variety
REPPS all colors, MERINOS, PLAIDS, ALPACAS, DELAINES, &C. &C., CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, HATS AND CAPS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND FANCY GOODS, COUNTRY FLANNELS, Cheap.
Call Early and Secure Bargains.
We are bound to sell at Pittsburg Prices.
Stamping, Pinking and Machine Stitching Done to Order.
NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.
Remember the place, room formerly occupied by Nelson & Rossiter,
IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PA.
JAMES. A. FORTUNE.
P. S. I have secured the services of WATT GEALY formerly of Bridgewater. [sep30'68.

The Howe Sewing Machines
ARE THE
OLDEST ESTABLISHED
OF ANY IN THE WORLD!

THEY BEING THE FIRST SEWING MACHINES ever made, and have been manufactured continually under the supervision of the original inventor,

Elias Howe, jr.,

Since their first introduction in 1845. Their improvements upon these machines made within the last two years and their rapidly growing popularity attests the fact that they have reached the very acme of perfection, and that they are not only the oldest established but the best in the world.

These machines do perfect work upon all fabrics whether thin or heavy, without any change, the invention of Mr. Howe alike upon both of the fabric, Sewed. The tension, new, simple and unvarying, can be adjusted to any degree of tightness, and after being adjusted do not require changing, except for different threads.

To those who have used the Howe Machine, it is not necessary for us to speak; and we would only add to others who want a perfect machine for business and for family use before buying any other, send for circular. Applications for agencies, &c., address

SHERMAN & DEMPS,
Sole agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and West Virginia,
Office in ... and
No. 4 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
sep30-early.

FALLSTON FOUNDRY!
ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP
IN FALLSTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

HAVING rented and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of mechanics, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different patterns of Engines, Fire Clay Rolls, and am prepared to make all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market among which is the "Great Western," which has been THE plow of the county for the last fifteen years. Also, almost every other Plow now or previously in use.

STOVES! STOVES!

I have on hand and will continue to manufacture a large assortment of

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES

Of the latest styles and with all the modern improvements, which I will sell at modern rates. Among these is the GREAT REPUBLIC. This Stove has an extension top, which gives it a large surface without taking up much room, and it is now looked upon as one of the best and most economical stoves as it takes less fuel and is more durable than other stoves. The following persons, after having used this stove for a considerable length of time, may be referrd to in proof of what is here said:

Dr. Isaac Winans,	Jacob Richardson,
M. T. Kennedy,	James McGehen,
Eli Reno,	Capt. Woodson Glenn,
John Watson,	Thomas R. Davis,
Mrs. Geo. Falton,	Samuel Murphy,
Capt. J. S. Winans,	Miss Holdship,
William Bowers,	Hiram Sloane,
Joseph Darling,	Mrs. Patterson,
William Reed,	James McDermitt,
Robert McGowan,	Samuel Dunlap,
Joseph Blackmore,	Thompson Johnston,
Mrs. Joseph Martin,	Mr. Crawford,
Mrs. Major Little,	Mrs. Wm. Stephens,
Dr. J. D. McCreary,	Jonathan McKenzie,
Milo N. Miller,	Jacob Kairns,
David Lester,	Richard Knight,
Capt. James Romer,	Solomon Fronk,
Dr. ... Smith,	James Knowles,
William Reed,	David Calhoon,
Kelly Hanson,	Richard Staley,
John ... Larkin,	Joseph McFerran,
... Taylor,	David Carr,
... Jas. E. Jackson,	George Wilson,
Thomas Beacom,	James Thompson,
John Dunlap,	Mrs. Quay,
Milton Davis,	Harrison Reed,
Marcus Baldwin,	Milton Reed,
David Lyons,	Boston Grove,
John M. Duncan,	William Grove,
J. V. Wilson,	Washington Engle,
Mrs. Robt. Andrews,	James Galley,
Mr. Lobley,	Robert Graham,
Mr. Case,	Thomas Bradshaw,
Frederick Katarar,	Milo Bradshaw,
Benjamin Franklin,	Dixon Reed,
Capt. James Johnston,	Daniel Maxwell,
Samuel Kennedy,	J. W. Funkhouser,
George Evans,	William Wagner,
John Jackson,	Mr. Chaney,
Hester Buchanon,	Henry Sulhurst,
Mrs. McPhillomy,	Mr. Wray,
J. D. Reeves,	David Mitchell,
William Hoon,	

JOHN THORNLEY.
r15'6my

ROHRER'S WILD CHERRY A
TONIC BITTERS,
ARE THE
BEST IN USE.
Use Rohrer's Tonic Bitters,
The very best in the Market.
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
No. 45 Wood streets,
Opposite St. Charles Hotel, also entrance No. 103 and 104 Third street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Wholesale Agents for the West.
For sale by JOHN MOORE, Beaver, Pa.

FRESH ARRIVAL!
New Spring Goods!
NO ADVANCE
FIRST OPENING
OF
SPRING GOODS FOR 1868
AT
F. A. Fortune's
CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE
IN THE DIAMOND
ROCHESTER PA.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW CHECKS,
NEW GINGHAMS,
NEW DELAINES,
NEW COBURGS,
and PLAIDS.
ALSO,
Table Dinner Crash,
Red Flannels,
White Flannels,
Yellow Flannels,
Jeans,
Cassimeres
Tweeds,
Drillings,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Skirts,
Balmoral Skirts,
Notions and Fancy Articles,
Trimmings,
Bonnet Ribbons,
Millinery Goods, &c.,

The above comprises the most complete Stock ever offered to the citizens of Beaver county, and we take pleasure in assuring our customers and those who may favor us with a call, that the above stock is as cheap as ever.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,
F. A. Fortune's
CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE
IN THE DIAMOND,
BIG SIGN Across the pavement
COME EVERYBODY AND SECURE BARGAINS.

House and Lot For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS A GOOD HOUSE and Lot, in Beaver, Pa. for sale. The property is located on Fourth street (near the centre of the town). The house is a frame ... in good repair, with ... and other outbuildings. The lot is large and well planted with trees. The premises were recently occupied by Mrs. E. H. Beacom. The location is a good one, and altogether a more convenient home for a family can hardly be found in Beaver. For further particulars inquire of M. & S. H. Darragh, Sharon, Beaver co. Pa., or to
REV. W. F. LOCKE,
Braddock's Field, Pa.

FALL & WINTER
GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the
LATEST STYLES,
For Fall and Winter wear.
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER,
In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.
WILLIAM REICH,
BRIDGEWATER, PA.

OPENING
OF
FALL GOODS!
FALL GOODS!
AT
J. H. BENCE'S,
Third Street, Beaver, Pa.
Now Opening a fine Stock of
FALL AND WINTER
Hats & Bonnets,
FLOWERS, FEATHERS,
PLUMES, RIBBONS,
FRAMES, &C.
And everything in the line of
MILLINERY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS
Of every description, also
FLANNELS, YARNS,
ZEPHYRS, FANCY
YARNS, HOOP, &
BALMORAL SKIRTS, CORSETS,
FANCY COLLARS, &
CUFFS, BUTTONS
HOISERY & GLOVES,
FORMS, LININGS,
VEIL STUFFS,
SHAWLS, TABLE CLOTHS & COVERS, NAPKINS, MENS SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, SUSPENDERS,
UMBRELLAS,
&C., &C., &C., &C.
Embroideries,
A Good Selection always on hand.
Everything desirable in our line. will added to our stock as soon as introduced in the market. Thanking our friends and patrons for past favors we would ask a continuance of the same, assuring them that we will have during the coming season some rare choice goods, at and below
PITTSBURGH PRICES.
We Solicit an early Call,
J. H. BENCE.
sept16'68-1y.

To the Public.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING SEEN the PRIZE CHURN, patented July 31, 1866, and Oct. 8, 1867, by the Prize Churn Company, Springfield, Vermont, and being satisfied that it does its work well, making good nice butter in from 3 to 8 minutes, we recommend it to all as the best Churn in Market, to our knowledge.

GEO. W. HAMILTON,
D. McKINNEY, JR.,
J. WEYAND,
M. WEYAND.

BEAVER, Aug. 5, 1868.

MR. CUNDALL churned for me this morning with his prize churn; he used no hot water or other unusual means of hastening the butter. In three minutes the butter began coming and in about five was ready to take out. Most patent churns are objectionable because so complicated that it requires more time to wash them than it does to churn the butter. This one can be cleaned in less time than the old fashioned dash churn. I regard it as a great improvement, and calculated to save woman much labor.

DR. A. W. ACHESON.

Township Rights sold or single Churns sold. Call on JAMES FOGG, Beaver, P.

SIMON SNITGER & CO.
(At the old stand, 3rd street Beaver, Penn'a.)
DEALERS IN
ALL KINDS OF
GROCERIES,
SUCH AS
COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS,
FLOUR, FEED, FISH, GRAIN, &c. &c.
They are constantly receiving a fresh assortment of these articles, and the public may rely upon getting from them as good as the market affords.
All goods delivered if required.
jan15'17.

DR. WM. H. SUTHERLAND,
DENTIST.
THIRD STREET, BEAVER, PENN'A
(OVER THE LOCAL OFFICE)
Has just returned from Ohio, where he has been engaged in the practice of his profession, with one of the best dentists in the country.
All work executed in style and at prices defying competition. [sep30-early

GENERAL ELECTION
Proclamation.

WHEREAS, IN AND BY AN ACT OF THE GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An Act relating to the elections of the Commonwealth," passed 2d day of July, A. D. 1839, it is made the duty of the sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notice to enumerate:

1. The officers to be elected.
2. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

I, JOHN S. LITTELL, High Sheriff of the county of Beaver, do hereby make known, and give this public notice to the Electors of the county of Beaver, that

ON THE 2D TUESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT,

(being the thirteenth day of the month) a General Election will be held at the several election districts as follows:

The electors of Borough township will meet at the Court House in the Borough of Beaver.

The electors of Bridgewater borough will meet at the Town Hall in Bridgewater.

The electors of Phillipsburg district will meet at the public brick school house in said borough.

The electors of Moon township will meet at the house formerly occupied by Amariah Hendrickson now by John D. Elliott.

The electors of Hopewell township will meet at the school house in the village of Scottsville, in said township.

The electors of Independence township will meet at the house of Alexander Thompson, dec'd., in said township.

The electors of Raccoon township will meet at the house of David Ewing, in said township.

The electors of Frankfort district will meet at the house of George Duncan, in Frankfort.

The electors of M'Guire district will meet at the house of John Potter, in the village of Hanover.

The electors of Greene township will meet at the house of Elijah Niswanger, in Hookstown.

The electors of Ohio township will meet at the house now occupied by Jamison Elliott, in said township.

The electors of Brighton township (not embraced in Industry district) will meet at the school house, near Richey Eakin's in said township.

The electors of the borough of Fallston will meet at the Academy in Fallston.

The electors of Patterson township will meet at the school house in the village of Brighton.

The electors of Chippewa township will meet at the house of Azariah Inman, in said township.

The electors of South Beaver township will meet at the house of John Rowe, in said township.

The electors of Darlington township will meet at the Academy in Darlington.

The electors of Big Beaver township will meet at the house of widow Miller, in said township.

The electors of Franklin township will meet at the house of Mark R. Clark, in said township.

The electors of North Sewickley township will meet at the house of Nathan Hazen, on land formerly of Benj. Chew.

The electors of Pulaski township will meet at Daugherty's School house, No. 4, in said township.

The electors of Marion township will meet at the house of George Hartzell, Jr., in said township.

The electors of the upper or north ward in the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the Carpenter shop of Thos. Miller, in said borough.

The electors of middle ward of the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the School House, in said ward.

The electors of lower or south ward of the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the Car factory, in said ward.

The electors of Rochester township will meet at the Bolesville school house, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Rochester will meet at the school house in Rochester.

The electors of Freedom borough and district will meet at the school house in Freedom.

The electors of New Sewickley township will meet at the house of John Feazel, in said township.

The electors of Industry district will meet at the school house in Industry.

The electors of Harmony township will meet at the hotel in Economy.

The electors of Economy township will meet at the house of Geo. C. Minis, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Beaver will meet at the Sheriff's office, in said borough.

The electors of St. Clair borough will meet at the School House, in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Baden at the public school house, in said borough.

The electors of New Galilee borough will meet at the school house in New Galilee.

At which time and place the qualified electors as aforesaid will elect by ballot—

One person for the office of Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for the office of Surveyor General, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for member of Congress from the Twenty-fourth District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Three persons for members of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for the office of District Attorney of the county of Beaver.

One person for the office of Commissioner of the county of Beaver.

One person for the office of County Surveyor of the county of Beaver.

One person for the office of Poor House Director of the county of Beaver.

One person for the office of Auditor of the county of Beaver.

One person for the office of Coroner of the county of Beaver.

Two persons for the office of Trustees of Academy of the county of Beaver.

Notice is Hereby Given,

I make known and give notice, as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, "that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive department of this State or United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and of the select and common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth and that no inspector or judge or other officer at any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for."

Also, that in the fourth section of the act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840, it is enacted, that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

Also, that in the 61st section of said act it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The general, special, city, incorporated district and township elections shall be conducted by inspectors and judges elected as aforesaid, and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid but a white freeman of the age of twenty one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election; but a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months Provided, That white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two, and having resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants, furnished by the Commissioners, unless, first, he produces a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax, assessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence, either on his own oath or affirmation or on the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath of the payment thereof; or second, if he claims a vote by being an elector between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of his residence in the district as required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age, and shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall not be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof thereof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, as required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district, in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act from holding such election or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window, where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and imprisonment for any time not less than one month nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or the township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years."

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors, respectively, to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such elections, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors, or either of them, shall from time to time require.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereto or by any printed or written advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, any person or persons so offending, he or they shall forfeit and upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so offered to be bet.

If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election in this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualifications, shall aid or procure such persons to vote the persons or persons offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three months.

If any person shall vote at more than one election district or otherwise fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intention to vote, illegally, or shall vote the same, or if any person shall advise or procure another to do so, he or they so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

The Return Judges of the respective districts in this county are required to meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver, on the first Friday after the election, being the 16th of October, 1868, at 10 o'clock, then and there to perform the duties enjoined upon them by law.

The Representative Return Judges will meet, in accordance with an act approved May 5th, 1864, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, on the seventh day after the election, being Tuesday, Oct. 20th, 1868.

The Congressional Return Judges will meet in accordance with an Act approved May 1st, 1861, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, in the county of Beaver, on the seventh day after the election, being Tuesday, October 20th, 1868.

And by "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is provided and directed as follows:

SEC. 81. When two or more counties shall compose a district for the choice of a member or members of the Senate of this Commonwealth, or of the House of Representatives of the United States, or of this Commonwealth, the Judges of the election in each county, having met as aforesaid, the Clerks shall make out a fair statement of all the votes which shall have been given at such election, within the county, for every person voted for, as such member or members which shall be signed by said Judges and attested by the Clerks, and one of the said Judges shall take charge of such certificate, and shall produce the same at a meeting of one Judge from each county, at such places, in such districts, as is or may be appointed by law for the purpose; which meeting shall be held on the seventh day after the election.

SEC. 82. The Judges of the several counties having met, as aforesaid, shall cast up the several county returns and make duplicate returns of all the votes given for such office in said district, and of the names of the person or persons elected, and one of said returns for each office, shall be deposited in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which they shall meet, and the other shall by said Judges be deposited in the nearest post office, sealed and directed as in parts two and three the eighteenth section of this act.

SEC. 83. It shall also be the duty of the Return Judges in every case, to transmit to each of the persons elected to serve in Congress, or in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, a certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT TO THE ELECTION LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved June 4th, 1868, entitled "A further supplement to the election laws of this Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, by the act of Congress of the United States, entitled, "an act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the National forces, and for other purposes," and approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged, or relieved from the penalty, or disability therein provided, are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished, and forfeited their rights of citizenship, and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof:

AND WHEREAS, Persons not citizens of the United States, are not, under the Constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot, or ballots from any person or persons, embraced in the provisions, and subject to the disability, imposed by said act of Congress, approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them shall receive, or consent to receive, any such unlawful ballot, or ballots, from any such disqualified person, he or they, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, he shall, for each offense, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county, for not less than sixty days.

SECTION 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, shall, at any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to the officers thereof, and offer to vote, a ballot or ballots, any person, so offending, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall, for each offense, be punished in like manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act, in the case of officers of election, receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade, or advise, any person, or persons, deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots, to the officers of any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such officers to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner as is provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot, or ballots.

AN ACT REGULATING THE MODE OF VOTING AT ALL ELECTIONS, IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THIS COMMONWEALTH.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved March 30, 1866, entitled "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of the Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside, "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for, and be labeled "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of senator, member and members of assembly, and members of congress, if voted for, and be labeled, "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled, "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

SEAL Given under my hand at Beaver, the 16th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight and in the ninety-third year of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN S. LITTELL, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, Sep. 16, '68. 4t.

WALL PAPER!
WALL PAPER!
WALL PAPER!
Oil Cloths!
Oil Cloths!
Oil Cloths!
CARPETS!
CARPETS!
CARPETS!

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND BOLTS OF WALL can [illegible] sold lower than

B[illegible]M'S,

Direct from [illegible] original packages. Also, Window Sh[illegible], Trunks, Stereoscopic Views of all places of interest in the country and upon the continent.

I respectfully give notice to all to call and see the large and well selected Stock of general VARIETY GOODS.

Included in above, we have Looking Glasses, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, &c., of beautiful design and pattern.

B. MULHEIM.

mar11'68:1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters [illegible] estate of John W[illegible], late of Franklin township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present the same without delay, to

A. [illegible] KENNEDY, Adm'r.
Lawrence County.

sept30'68:6t.

FAMILY GROCRERIES!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED the GROCERY and PROVISION STORE of G. Berkimer, on Brighton street, Rochester, takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally, that he has added largely to the Stock, and is now prepared to furnish at the lowest possible rates, all articles usually kept in a first class Provision Store.

J. SHARP.

I take pleasure in recommending Capt. Sharp to my old customers, and trust they will extend to him the same patronage so liberally bestowed upon myself.

G. H. BERKIMER.

my6'68:3mos.

Rochester
MARBLE WORKS,
W. H. MARSHALL,

DEALER IN

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN
MARBLE.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF fine finished Head and Foot Stones that has ever been offered in Beaver county, at the very lowest cash prices. All persons needing Monuments and Head Stones, call soon and examine our work and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

We defy competition, both in finish of work and prices. [aug26'68:1mos.

The Last Grand Success.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S
IMPROVED
HAIR RESTORER
FAVORITE
HAIR DRESSING
New Style in one Bottle

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

jy22'68:1y.

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

THE FIRST PREMIUM Of a Silver Medal WAS AWARDED TO BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 28, 1860.

BARRETT'S
Vegetable Hair Restorative

Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the roots to their original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling out; is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North, and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
MANCHESTER, N.H.

Sold by J. Moore, Beaver, Pa., and all other and dealers in Medicines.

mar18'68:1y.

SPEER'S STANDARD
WINE BITTERS!

STANDARD
PURE
GENUINE
RELIABLE
WINE
HERBS
ROOTS
VIGOR
STRENGTH
HEALTH
BEAUTY

FOR THE WEAK.
FOR THE PALE.
FOR THE SICKLY.
FOR THE AGED.
FOR FEMALES.
FOR SPRING USE!!

NO BITTERS EQUAL TO THEM!

Speer's Standard Wine Bitters,

—MADE OF—

Wine, Herbs and Roots.

SPEER'S Celebrated Wine, so well known, with
PERUVIAN BARK,
CHAMOMILE FLOWERS,
SNAKE ROOT,
WILD CHERRY BARK,
GINGER

and such other Herbs and Roots as will in all cases assist Digestion, promote the Secretions of the system in the natural channels, and give

TONE AND VIGOR
—TO THE—
Young and Old, Male and Female

All use it with wonderful success. Brings COLOR to the pale white lip,

BLOOM AND BEAUTY

To the thin face and care worn countenance.

Cures FEVER and Creates APPETITE. Try them. Use none other. Ask for SPEER'S STANDARD BITTERS. Sold by Druggists and Grocers. See that my signature is over the cork of each bottle.

ALFRED SPEER,
Passaic, N. J., and 243 Broadway, New York.

Trade supplied by Johnston, Holloway & Co., Philadelphia; George A. Kelly, Pittsburgh; and by all Wholesale Dealers.

jy8'68.

Examination of Teachers.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE PRESENT AT [illegible] Hanover township, on the [illegible] of October, and at Rochester, on the [illegible], for the purpose of examining applicants for schools. Having closed the regular examinations for the fall and winter term, other duties require my attention; therefore, as it is very inconvenient to hold private examinations, directors will confer a favor by requiring unexamined applicants to meet me at either of the above named places.

JAMES WHITHAM,
Co. Supt.

sept23'68:tf

Glassware, Lamps, and Carbon Oil,
J. P. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers
IN

FRUIT JARS AND FRUIT WAX IN CONNECTION with Lamps, Chandeliers, Glassware and Carbon Oil trade, Mason Willoughby's and New man's Self Sealers Union, O. K. and Cork Glass Jars, Rockingham and Tin of the very best in the Market, wholesale and retail. 5000 pounds EX. and XXX Fruit Wax just received, please call before purchasing.

J. P. SMITH & CO.,
187 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL THOSE WHO suffer from disease of Liver and Stomach, such as Billiousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Waterbrash, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, &c.

DR. BOLLINGER'S HEADACHE AND ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

Are the most perfect remedy, ever brought before the public, for all diseases of the Liver and Stomach.

They act as a CATHARTIC without weakening the Stomach or Bowels, but on the contrary give to tone those organs, driving away all Melancholy Feelings, infusing new Life and Vigor into the System.

For sale by all Druggists and Country Merchants, throughout the Country.

HENDERSON & BRO'S., 200 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale Agents.

FREEMAN HIRSH. MARK HIRSH. SIMON HIRSH.

HIRSH & BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
CLOTHING,
AND
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
NO. 29 ST. CLAIR STREET,
(Opposite Iron City College,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Clothing made to order on short notice.

nov27'67:1y.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
Lead Pipe Sheet & Bar Lead
MANUFACTURERS, ALSO

Pig Lead, Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose, Steam Guages, Whistles & Valves, Iron & Copper Sinks and Bath Tubs, Steam Pumps, Rain Pumps and Force Pumps.

And every description of goods for

WATER, GAS & STEAM.
No. 167 Smithfield street,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

Send for a Price List. [apr22'68:1y.

MUSIC IN FRONT!

BANDS FURNISHED PROMPTLY WITH Brass and German Silver Instruments BY THE SET OR PIECE.

ALSO,

Brass and Tenor Drums, Cymbals and Triangles, &c., &c.,

At prices lower than can be had at any other House in this country.

Special inducements offered to BANDS AND TO DEALERS.

Send for circular and price list

HOFFMAN, HOENE & CO.
53 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

DEALERS IN PIANOS, ORGANS AND MELODEONS, Sheet Music and Music Books, and Importers of Musical Instruments and Strings.

apr1'68:1y.

Reineman, Meyran & Seidle,
No. 42 Fifth st., near Wood, Pittsburgh,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FINE JEWELRY, WATCHES, DIAMONDS, PURE Silver Ware, French Clocks, Plated ware of every description, Tea sets, Spoons, Forks, &c. Watch Makers tools and material, and agency of the celebrated

AMERICAN WATCHES.

We also keep the largest and most varied assortment of the very best American made

CLOCKS!

to be found in any city, east or west.

Persons in want of any article in our line either at wholesale or for their own use, will always find our prices lower and our assortment larger than any to be found west of New York city.

WATCH REPAIRING.

To this branch of our trade (being ourselves practical watch makers) we pay very special attention; we employ a force of the very best Artists in the country, and any and all fine, delicate and difficult work entrusted to our care—for the trade or individuals—may rely on getting the utmost satisfaction. Work may be sent in by express or otherwise.

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,
Wholesale and Retail Jewelers and Silversmiths,
42 Fifth street, PITTSBURGH

apr25'68:1y.

Orphans' Court Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE ORPHANS' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned will expose to sale, at public out-cry, on the premises, on

THURSDAY, October 29th, 1868,

at 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day, all the following described real estate of Josiah McCowan, late of Beaver county, deceased, situate in Darlington tp., Beaver county, Pa., viz: adjoining lands of Nathan Eakin on the North, lands of John McCautry on the East, lands late of John McKnight, dec'd., on the South, and lands of Hugh Dilworth on the west, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVEN ACRES,

more or less, eighty acres of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered. On it are erected a Stone House, one story with basement, kitchen and cellar. Also, a story and a half frame house, about 20 by 24 feet. Orchard of good fruit on the premises. Farm well watered, and in a good state of cultivation. A four feet vein of good coal underlies about seventy-five acres of said land. Premises within 1½ mile of Enon Station, on P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.

TERMS.—One-third of purchase money in hand upon confirmation of sale by the court, the balance in two equal annual installments from that date with interest from same time, and secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. The purchaser to pay expenses of preparing title, bond and mortgage, and all requisite stamps. For further information inquire of the undersigned, Princeton, P.O., Lawrence county, Pa., or H. Hice, his attorney, Beaver, Pa.

HUGH BARNES,
Adm'r. de bonis non, cum testamento annexo.

sept.30'68:tf.

TINWARE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper & Sheet-Iron Ware.

I PROPOSE KEEPING CONSTANTLY ON HAND all kinds of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, which I will sell

AT THE LOWEST PRICE

Tin Roofing, Spouting & Job Work

Done to order in the best possible manner, and on shortest notice.

Using none but the best of material, and having none but the best of workmen,

WE WARRANT ALL WORK

SHOP ON THE LOWER END OF

Third Street
BEAVER, PA.

Give us a Call, and Examine our Stock.

Japanned ware kept constantly on hand.

O. R. ANSHUTZ.

ROCHESTER FOUNDRY

ANDERSON, ARBUCKLE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF MACHINE CASTINGS, Railway Track and Car Castings, Agricultural Implements, Engine and all other Castings made at a first class Foundry. Also, Stoves, Grate Fronts, Grate Bars, Liners Sash, Weights, Hollow-Ware, Kettles, Iron Fence, and all other Castings called for, on short notice and of the very best metal.

Also, J. J. Anderson's justly celebrated New Cook Stove for Coal and Wood, which took the

First Premium

At the State Fair recently held at Pittsburgh. This Stove combines many new and important principles, which place it far in advance of all others now in use. Some of the merits claimed for it by the Inventor, are Heavy Mould, Well Proportioned, Beauty of Style and Finish, Ease of Draft, Easily Kept Clean, Requires but little Fuel, and the

BEST BAKER EXTANT.

All orders thankfully received and promptly filled.

We Call Attention to the Following Statements:

While living in the East I used several of the most Celebrated Cooking Stoves made in that part of the country, and on my arrival here, I was recommended to purchase the Crystal Palace Stove, (also invented by Mr. Anderson) as being the best. I did so, and used it with good satisfaction. When I saw Mr. Anderson's new Stove, I was attracted by its neat appearance, and on examining its Oven and interior arrangements, found it possessed many advantages over all I had seen. I purchased, and have one now in use. We consider it superior to any we have ever used. It is all the inventor claims, and we think, all that could be desired in a Cooking Stove.

CAPT. GILBERT PENDLETON.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 21st.

Having one of Mr. Anderson's new Stoves in use, I can fully endorse Capt. Pendleton's statement.

JOHN H. WHISLER.

Having one of Anderson's new Stoves in use, I can fully endorse the above recommendation.

J. WOODRUFF.

Having one of Mr. Anderson's new Stoves in use, we are fully satisfied with its good qualities in all respects.

JOSEPH IRVIN AND WIFE.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 25th.

Having kept house for a long time, and used a great number of Cook Stoves of different patterns and styles, I consider J. J. Anderson's new Stove, in point of economy in fuel, ready cooking, and baking for its size, superior to any we have used, and cheerfully recommend it, believing it will render entire satisfaction.

CHAS. LUKINS.

We have one of Mr. J. J. Anderson's new Stoves, manufactured at the Rochester Foundry, and having given it a fair trial, we find it comes fully up to all that has been claimed for it. It heats very rapidly, takes but little fuel, and is a most excellent baker. Mr. Anderson may congratulate himself on having achieved quite a triumph in the line of Cooking Stoves.

Very respectfully,
J. S. BRACKEN.

Beaver, Nov. 23d, 1867.

A. S. Harvey,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
AND
Hardware.

HAVING ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL selected Stock of

Teas, Rice,
Coffee, Cheese,
Sugar, Soaps,
Molasses, Bacon,
Syrups, Fish.

Hardware.
NAILS AND WINDOW GLASS.
STONEWARE.

Pine Churns, Peck Measures,
Oak Churns, ½ Bush. Measures,
Willow Baskets, Split Baskets.

Pure Cider Vinegar.

ALSO

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR

By the Barrel or in Sacks, constantly on hand.

Prices very low, call and see.

A. S. HARVEY,
Bridgewater, Pa.

oct2'67:1y.

Beaver Drug Store.
THOS. A. ANDERSON.
DRUGGIST!
Corner 3d St. and Diamond,
BEAVER, PA.

INVITES THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC generally to a full assortment of

Drugs, Medicines,
PAINTS,
OILS, VARNISHES
Putty, Window Glass, &c.

In fact everything usually kept in a well appointed Drug and Chemical Store, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible figures consistent with a due regard for quality.

We hope by strict and careful attention to business to merit and receive a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us.

THOS. A. ANDERSON.

may27'68:tf.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY
AND
PROVISION STORE!

Cor. Railroad Crossing and New York St.

Rochester, Pa.

By COE & DARRAGH

WHERE MAY BE FOUND

Family Groceries and Provision, Fish, Flour, Cheese, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Oil, Pure Cider Vinegar, Syrups, Molasses, Salt, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars, Queensware, Willow-ware, Wooden-ware, and everything in their line, and they hope by strict attention to business, to merit a liberal share of the patronage.

N. B. All kinds Country Produce taken at the market price.

COE & DARRAGH.

Rochester Oct. 1st, 1867—oct9'67:1y.

New Spring Goods!
FRESH ARRIVAL
AT
S. J. Cross & Co's.,
ROCHESTER, PA.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE EAST, A LARGER and better assorted Stock of general Merchandise than ever before in our house, consisting of

NEW PRINTS,
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DELAINES,
GINGHAMS,
CHECKS,
FLANNELS, all colors,
JEANS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
CRASH,
DRILLS,
BLEACHED and BROWN MUSLINS.

NOTIONS IN LARGE VARIETY.

HOOP and BALMORAL SKIRTS,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Purchased always in the East, at lowest cash prices, and sold at a very small advance.

Hardware.

A complete Stock just purchased in New York and Philadelphia, of

MECHANICS TOOLS,
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
BUTTS,
STRAP HINGES,
SHUTTER HINGES,

LOCKS IN GREAT VARIETY.

NAILS AT MANUFACTURING PRICES.

WINDOW GLASS,

All sizes, single and double strength, at Pittsburgh prices.

Paints & Oils.

FRENCH RICHARD & CO'S.,

CELEBRATED BUCK LEAD,

at wholesale and retail.

COLORED PAINTS,
GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.
MINERAL PAINTS,
LINSEED OIL,
LARD OIL,
CARBON OIL,
CASTOR OIL,
TURPENTINE, BENZINE and COALE'S PATENT DRYER.

Books and Stationary!

Groceries.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT,

BACON, HAMS, SIDES, SHOULDERS, MESS PORK, LARD, &C., &C.

FLOUR,

In Sacks and Barrels, fresh ground, direct from Canton City Mills, Ohio.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

S. J. CROSS & CO.
NEW YORK STREET,
NEAR RAILROAD CROSSING,
Rochester, Pa.

jan1'68:1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of David Glenn, dec'd., late of Ohio Township, Beaver county having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of said decedent, will make known the same without delay.

sept.2'68:6t. WILLIAM GLENN, Adm'r.

BEAVER LADIES SEMINARY,

WILL OPEN ON 9TH OF SEPTEMBER NEXT.—Pupils received at every stage of advancement. In the Primary Department boys and girls received. Young men will be taught by the Principal in his own room, but none taken as boarders.

Our purpose is to establish the reputation of the school on thorough scholarship in every branch studied. It is therefore important that pupils should be present at the opening of the school, and continue regular in their attendance.

Having had over one hundred enrolled during the past year, we hope for a large increase during the coming year.

D. H. A. M'LEAN, Principal.

aug11'68:tf.

J. C. Hammond,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Flour, Feed, Meal &c., &c

GRAIN OF ALL KINDS BOUGHT FOR CASH. A good assortment of the different kinds of potatoes always on hand. All goods delivered when desired.

Call and [illegible] Connecticut street, near the Public School House, in Rochester, Pa. [june3'68:1y.

R. W. & W. J. SNODGRASS,
WHOLESALE
DRUGGISTS
CORNER OF
Federal and Lacock Streets, Allegheny,
(First corner below Depot,)

DEALERS IN

LEADS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS, DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PROPRIETARY MEDICINES, FOREIGN and DOMESTIC PERFUMERIES, SOAPS, TOILET ARTICLES, FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.

JOHN CROFT. JOSEPH PHILLIPS.

CROFT & PHILLIPS,
Real Estate and Insurance Brokers,
139 FOURTH STREET.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WE HAVE A PRINTED REAL ESTATE REGISTER containing a full description of location price and terms of all the properties entrusted to our care for sale. These consist of Farms, Grist Mills, Houses, Lots, Stores, Coal Land, Coal Works, Coal Interest, Western Lands, Hotels, Tanneries, City and Suburban Property. This Register we print three times a year, on first of May, September and January.

Parties wishing to buy or sell Real Estate, no matter where the location, should not fail to consult our Register, a copy of which can be had by sending us our address. May number now ready.

n[illegible]

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. PROMPT RETURNS

PALMER & PHILLIPS,
AUCTIONEERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
Opera House Auction Room,
60 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH

Boots, Shoes, Carpets, Dry Goods and Notions

AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

apr22'68:1y.

DEPOT HARDWARE STORE.
WHITESIDES & DRUM,
HAVE OPENED A NEW
HARDWARE STORE,
70 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
Near P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. Depot,

WHERE THEY WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON hand every description of

HARDWARE.

Locks, Hinges, Nails, Glass, Sash, Grind Stones, Shovels, Picks, Axes, and all kinds of Farming and Gardening Implements, wholesale and retail. Carpenters and Hardware Dealers can always get a supply of

DRUM'S
PATENT SHUTTER HINGE AND SASH PULLEY;

Our prices and terms will be as favorable as can be found elsewhere.

Purchasers living on the Railroads, can have their goods delivered at the Depots free of charge.

my6'68:6m. WHITESIDES & DRUM.

R. D. MERRICK .... F. A. MERRICK.
C. M. MERRICK .... J. S. BUCKLEY.

KEYSTONE STOVE WORKS
Car Factory Buildings,
NEW BRIGHTON, PA
MERRICK & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

COOKING STOVES,
HEATING STOVES
GRATE FRONTS and FENDERS, &c., &c.

Ruby Cooking Stove Nos 7, 8 & 9.

THIS STOVE TOOK THE FIRST PREMIUM AT the State Fair as a Coal Cooking Stove, and also at the late County Fair. We use no scrap iron in their manufacture, but make them exclusively of No. 1 Pig Metal, and warrant them in every respect. The Ruby has the largest oven in the market and consumes but little fuel in baking, owing to its improved Grate.

GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS.

We are largely engaged in the manufacture of Grate Fronts and Fenders, which we enamel in an oven common, second quality and fine finish. This enamel retains its lustre for a long time, will not burn off, and makes a much superior finish to that of Coal Tar.

SUMMER PIECES.

We are also making Sheet Iron Summer Pieces (which we have applied for a patent) pressed up in a Hydraulic press. They are much lighter than cast iron, and much cheaper.

HEATING STOVES.

We claim the heaviest heating Stove in the market for the size, and use the best Stock in their construction.

Our patterns are not yet complete, but it is our intention to keep a general assortment in our line.

We also took the Premium at the County Fair for the best Castings generally, and we have entered into the business with the determination to use the best of Pig Metal and make good work.

We respectfully request a share of the public patronage, and would be pleased to see those wanting anything in our line at our works.

Prices Low to suit the times.

MERRICK & CO.

nov20'67:1y.